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# HEALTH STATISTICS

FROM THE U. S. NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY

Persons Injured in Motor Vehicle Accidents and associated disability

United States July 1959 - June 1961

Statistics on the incidence of persons injured in total, moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days, by sex, age, residence, region, income, and usual activity and marital status. Based on data collected in household interviews during the period July 1959-June 1961.

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The U. S. National Health Survey is a continuing program under which the Public Health Service makes studies to determine the extent of illness and disability in the population of the United States and to gather related information. It is authorized by Public Law 652, 84th Congress.

## CO-OPERATION OF THE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Under the legislation establishing the National Health Survey, the Public Health Service is authorized to use, insofar as possible, the services or facilities of other Federal, State, or private agencies.

In accordance with specifications established by the National Health Survey, the Bureau of the Census, under a contractual arrangement, participates in most aspects of survey planning, selects the sample, collects the data, and carries out certain parts of the statistical processing.

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| SYMBOLS AND NOTES  |          |
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# PERSONS INJURED IN MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

# AND ASSOCIATED DISABILITY

#### SELECTED FINDINGS

An estimated average of 4,770,000 persons were injured in motor vehicle accidents each year in the two-year period July 1959 through June 1961. This estimate, obtained in household interviews, refers to the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States and includes only injuries requiring medical attention or causing the person to restrict his usual activities for at least a day.

Of the total number of persons injured inmotor vehicle accidents, 2,890,000 were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents. The other 1,881,000 were injured in accidents classified as nonmoving motor vehicle.

Approximately 1.1 persons per 100 population were injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents per year during this period. Of those persons injured, 35.4 percent were injured in accidents classified as "caught in, pinched, or crushed" and 15.3 percent were injured in falls. The home (or home premises) was the place of accident for 41.6 percent of the nonmoving motor vehicle accidents. Only 27.5 percent of the nonmoving motor vehicle accidents occurred on the "street or highway."

Moving motor vehicle accidents, which resulted in injury to 1.6 persons per 100 population. caused 49.1 days of restricted activity, 14.6 days of bed disability per 100 population, and 25,3 days lost from work per 100 currently employed population.

An estimated 1.9 males per 100 population were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents as compared with only 1,4 females. Persons aged 15-24 years had by far the highest rate of moving motor vehicle injury, 3.0 per 100 population. However, among persons over the age of 14, the 15-24 year age group had the lowest rate of disability days-45.1 restricted-activity days and 12.8 bed-disability days per 100 population; and 12.5 work-loss days per 100 currently employed population.

The number of rural-nonfarm residents injured in moving motor vehicle accidents, 2.6 per 100 population, was approximately twice as high as the rate of injury for persons of urban residence, 1.3 per 100 population, and of rural-farm residence, 1.1 per 100 population, This higher rate of injury for the rural-nonfarm resident is due to the high rate of injury to males, 3.3 per 100 rural-nonfarm population.

In the West, 3.2 persons per 100 population were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents. This was about twice the rate of injury in the Northeast and North Central States and three times the rate in the South. Females in the West were injured at a rate of 3.6 per 100 population while males in this region had a rate of 2.7 injured per 100 population.

Persons with an annual family income of \$2,000-3,999 had a lower rate of moving motor vehicle injury, 1.1 per 100 population than did other family income groups, while persons in the family income range of \$4,000-6,999 had the highest rate, 2.2 per 100 population. The rate of 2.9 persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 never married population, which was much higher than the rate for other marital status groups, is due to the inclusion in this group

This report was prepared by Kenneth W. Haase of the U. S. National Health Survey staff.

of a large number of young adults, a population group with a high rate of moving motor vehicle injury.

# OTHER NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY REPORTS DEALING WITH PERSONS INJURED

During the two-year interview period, July 1959-June 1961, the National Health Survey included on its household interview questionnaire a series of questions designed to elicit detailed information on types of accidents resulting in injury. From the collected data, a series of reports on persons injured has been published. The first of these, issued in October 1962, was a summary report based on all persons injured in accidents. Series B, No. 37, Persons Injured by Detailed Type and Class of Accident, July 1959-June 1961. In Series B, No. 40, Disability Days Due to Injury, July 1959-June 1961, the number of disability days associated with total injuries was presented. In addition to this summary information, the National Health Survey has released three reports dealing with persons injured in specific types of accidents: Series B. No. 39, Persons Injured in the Home and Associated Disability, and Series B. No. 41, Persons Injured While at Work. This report based on persons injured in motor vehicle accidents completes this series of publications, based on injury data collected during July 1959-June 1961.

### SOURCE OF DATA

The information contained in this report was obtained from household interviews conducted by the National Health Survey. The survey is continuous, each week covering a sample of the civilian, noninstitutional population throughout the United States. During the 104 weeks of interviewing covered in this report (July 1959-June 1961), interviews were conducted in approximately 76,000 households comprising 250,000 persons.

A facsimile of the health interview questionnaire used during the period July 1960-June 1961 is presented in Appendix III. Questions 11-17 on the questionnaire, termed as "illness-recall" questions, are designed to determine the presence or absence of illnesses and injuries among household members. For each illness or injury named in response to these questions, an entry is made in table I of the questionnaire where more detailed information is obtained about the condition. When responses to questions in table I indicate that an injury has occurred, the interviewer asks the additional questions shown in table A of the questionnaire to obtain more detailed information relating to the accident and the injury. Appendix II contains a detailed description of how this accident information was classified.

Annual estimates of the number of persons injured are derived from the count of persons who reported an injury during the two-week period prior to the week of interview. According to the definition of an injury in the health interview survey, only injuries which were medically attended or caused at least one day of restricted activity are included in the data shown in this report.

The survey includes data only on persons living in the household at the time of interview. Thus, injury experience of persons who died during the two-week period prior to the interview is excluded from the data. Also excluded is the injury experience of persons who were institutionalized or who were members of the Armed Forces at the time of the household interview.

A description of the statistical design of the health interview survey and general qualifications regarding data presented in the report is given in Appendix I. Since all estimates presented in this report are based on a sample of the population rather than on the entire population, they are subject to sampling error. While the sampling errors for most of the estimates are of relatively low magnitude, where an estimated number or the numerator or denominator of a rate or percentage is small, the sampling error may be high. Charts from which approximate sampling errors may be estimated and instructions for using the charts are also presented in Appendix I.

Definitions of terms used in this report may be found in Appendix II. Since many of the terms have specialized meanings, it is suggested that the reader familiarize himself with these definitions.

The tables in this report pertain to persons injured in accidents in which a motor vehicle was involved in any way. The motor vehicle could have been moving or not moving at the time of the accident, and the person injured could have been an occupant or nonoccupant of a motor vehicle. It should be noted that nonmoving accidents include some injuries in which the part played by the motor vehicle was almost incidental, e.g.,

injuries in which a finger was caught in the car door when the door was shut, or injuries to a person working on a car.

Persons injured in all motor vehicle accidents, nonmoving and moving, are discussed separately in the text of this report, However, in the detailed tables, estimates for these different types of motor vehicle accidents are grouped together in a series of four tables for each of the population groups considered. This series of four tables includes the following: (1) number of persons injured in total, moving, and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents; (2) number of persons injured in all motor vehicle accidents according to the effect of the injury in terms of medical attention or disability days; (3) number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents according to the effect of the injury; and (4) the number of disability days resulting from all motor vehicle accidents and from moving motor vehicle accidents.

It should be noted that the estimates for persons injured in motor vehicle accidents are based on injuries occurring during the two-week period prior to the week of interview. However, the annual estimate of days of disability is derived from the number of days of disability experienced during the two-week period prior to the week of interview and includes all such days reported, even if the injury causing the disability occurred prior to the two-week reference period.

# PERSONS INJURED IN MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

Based on data collected in the National Health Survey during the period July 1959-June 1961, an average of 4,770,000 persons in the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States was injured in motor vehicle accidents each year. This estimate includes 2,890,000 persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents and 1,881,000 persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents (table 1).

An average of 101,681,000 days of restricted activity per year was attributed to motor vehicle accidents. Of these days, 29,193,000 were days of bed disability, and 21,189,000 were days lost from work (table 4). Approximately 85 percent of the restricted-activity days, 88 percent of the bed-disability days, and 80 percent of the workloss days were due to injuries received in moving motor vehicle accidents.

As illustrated in table A, moving motor vehicle accidents accounted for only 6.4 percent of the persons injured in all accidents. However, the number of disability days resulting from moving motor vehicle accidents represented 18.8 percent of all restricted-activity days, 22.7 percent of all bed-disability days, and 20.1 percent of all work-loss days due to accidental injuries. This would indicate that injuries in moving motor ve-

Table A. Percent distribution of persons injured and three types of disability days, by class of accident: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|                       | A11   | Disability days     |                            |                       |  |
|-----------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Class of accident     | persons Restricted-<br>injured activity<br>days |                     | Bed-<br>disability<br>days | Work-<br>loss<br>days |  |
|                       |   | Percent dis         | tribution                  |                       |  |
| Total persons injured | 100.0   | 100.0               | 100.0                      | 100.0                 |  |
| Motor vehicle         | 10.6<br>6.4<br>4.2                              | 22.1<br>18.8<br>3.3 | 25.7<br>22.7<br>3.1        | 25.3<br>20.1<br>5.2   |  |
| All other classes     | 89.4  | 77.9                | 74.3                       | 74.7                  |  |

hicle accidents, in comparison with other types of accidents, occur less frequently, but tend to be more severe.

Further evidence of the high rate of disability resulting from moving motor vehicle injuries is presented in table B, which shows that moving motor vehicle injuries caused an average of 30.0 days of restricted activity, 8.9 days of bed disability, and 5.8 days of work loss per injury. On the other hand, the number of days of disability per injury sustained in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents is comparatively low and quite similar to the rate for injuries other than those associated with motor vehicles. Because of this difference in severity, as measured by resulting disability, injuries due to moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents will be discussed separately. Separate treatment of these two types in the discussion is also indicated because of the marked difference in the circumstances of the accidents. In the nonmoving, as previously mentioned, the motor vehicle's role may be no different from that of any other piece of stationary machinery.

The National Health Survey includes in its estimate of persons injured only those persons who incurred one or more days of restricted activity or who were medically attended because of the injury. This excludes very minor injuries which are of lesser public health importance and tend to be poorly reported in interviews. However, imposing these criteria on the data may influence the pattern of the estimates.

The presence of medical attendance, which generally indicates the severity of an injury, may in some cases be a measure of economic status or of accessibility of medical services. Likewise, a severity measurement based on whether a person experienced any "restriction of usual activities" varies considerably from person to person, depending upon the nature of the person's work or other usual activities. Hence, differences which may be due to a relationship between the criterion and the variable under consideration must be interpreted with care.

Tables 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, and 22 present the number of persons injured in total motor vehicle accidents according to whether the resulting injury was medically attended or caused restriction of activity or bed disability, for each of the population groups considered in this report. These tables, while indicating the degree of severity associated with all motor vehicle accidents, may also aid the reader in interpreting the effect of imposing these severity criteria within certain population groups.

# PERSONS INJURED IN NONMOVING MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

During the two years, July 1959-June 1961, an average annual estimate of 1,881,000 persons was injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, a rate of 1.1 per 100 population (table 1).

Table B. Average annual number of persons injured and number of resulting disability days per person injured per year, by class of accident: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|  | Average<br>number             | Disability days                 |                                |                       |  |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Class of accident  | of persons<br>in<br>thousands | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days | Bed-<br>disability<br>days     | Work-<br>loss<br>days |  |
|  |                               |                                 | sability days<br>jured per yea |                       |  |
| Total persons injured  | 44,995                        | 10.2                            | 2.5                            | 1.9                   |  |
| Moving motor vehicle Nonmoving motor vehicle All other classes | 2,890<br>1,881<br>40,225      | 30.0<br>8.0<br>8.9              | 8.9<br>1.8<br>2.1              | 5.8<br>2.3<br>1.6     |  |

Of the persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, 666,000 (35.4 percent) were injured in accidents described as "caught in, pinched, or crushed" (fig. 1). Falls accounted for 15.3 percent, and 14.4 percent of injuries due to nonmoving motor vehicle accidents were described as "struck by moving objects." The moving object in accidents of this kind may have been some moving part of the motor vehicle, such as the fan, but by definition could not have been the motor vehicle itself.

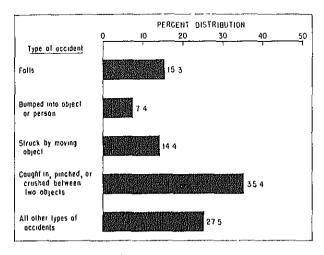


Figure 1. Percent distribution of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, according to type of accident.

Of those persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, 41.6 percent of the injuries occurred within the premises of the home (fig. 2). "Home" in this report is defined as the buildings or premises of a person's own home or the home of another person. Only 27.5 percent of nonmoving motor vehicle accidents occurred on "streets and highways," compared with 95.2 percent of the moving motor vehicle accidents.

Males were injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents at a rate of 1.3 per 100 population, while the rate for females was 0.8 per 100 population. A number of the nonmoving motor vehicle injuries were the result of accidents occurring when the person was repairing, cleaning, or performing similar operations on a motor vehicle. Since males as a group tend to be more occupied in such tasks than do females, the higher injury rate for males, particularly in the age groups 15-44 years, may account for this greater exposure to risk (table 1).

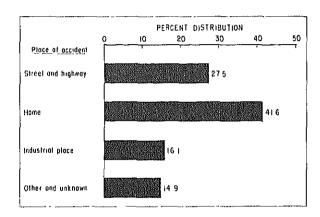


Figure 2 Percent distribution of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, according to place of accident.

Among rural-farm residents, 1.5 persons per 100 population were injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, a rate considerably higher than the 1.0 persons injured per 100 population among urban and rural-nonfarm residents (table 5). This higher rate of nonmoving motor vehicle injuries to rural-farm residents may be attributed to the common practice among farm residents of performing repairs and maintenance on tractors, trucks, and other motor vehicles. Similar tasks in nonfarm and urban areas would in many instances be performed by professional mechanics or repairmen, who because of their experience and the use of better equipment would be less exposed to the risk of injury.

A high rate of injuries is evident for both males and females in the rural-farm population.

Persons living in the West were injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents at a rate of 1.6 per 100 population, while the rate of injuries per 100 population was 0.6 in the Northeast, 1.0 in the North Central region, and 1.3 in the South. Since the regional difference in the number of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents may be related to the number of motor vehicles within each region, table C provides the number of motor vehicle registrations and the rate of injuries per 100 registrations by region. On this basis the rate in the South is equivalent to the rate in the West, 3.1 persons injured per 100 motor vehicle registrations, However, these rates are still considerably higher than the 1.8 and 2.2 persons injured per 100 motor vehicle registrations in the Northeast and North Central regions, respectively. Whether the rates of injuries are based on the population or on motor

Table C. Number of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents per 100 motor vehicles registered per year, by region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|  |                | Region    |                  |        |        |  |
|--|----------------|-----------|------------------|--------|--------|--|
|  | All<br>regions | Northeast | North<br>Central | South  | West   |  |
| Average annual number of motor vehicle registrations in thousands Number of persons injured in | 73,748         | 15,804    | 21,970           | 22,059 | 13,916 |  |
| normoving motor vehicle accidents per 100 motor vehicles registered per year                   | 2.6            | 1.8       | 2.2              | 3.1    | 3,1    |  |

1 Source: Estimated average annual number of motor vehicle registrations, January 1959-December 1961, by Bureau of Public Roads, U. S. Department of Commerce

vehicle registrations, there is a great degree of regional variation some of which may be associated with a number of socioeconomic factors of a complexity beyond the scope of this report.

The number of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population shows little variation by family income (table 13). However, the rate of persons injured in nonmoving motor vehicle accidents according to usual activity (table 17) and marital status (table 21) shows a great deal of variation among the different categories in each of these groups. These differences are in most cases related to the age and sex composition of each of these categories.

# PERSONS INJURED IN MOVING MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

The 2,890,000 persons injured per year in moving motor vehicle accidents represent a rate of 1.6 persons injured per 100 population. Moving motor vehicle accidents resulted in 49.1 days of restricted activity and 14.6 days of bed disability per 100 population; and 25.3 days lost from work per 100 currently employed population. As previously shown, the number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents is a small percentage of the number of persons injured in all accidents. However, the days of disability resulting from moving motor vehicle accidents

are a much higher proportion of the total disability days for all accidents. This would indicate that moving motor vehicle accidents involving injury occur less frequently than other types of accidents, but the injuries incurred tend to be more severe. The severity of moving motor vehicle injuries is substantiated by the fact that in 1960 about two of every five persons killed in accidents were killed in moving motor vehicle accidents.

While some relationship may exist between the rate of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents and an ability to operate a motor vehicle safely, the reader is reminded that the injured person may not be the operator of the vehicle involved in the accident. In fact, about 14 percent of the persons injured were not even in a motor vehicle at the time of the accident. This percentage would be, for the most part, pedestrians who were struck by motor vehicles.

Of those persons who were occupants of motor vehicles when they were injured, 3 out of 4 were injured in collisions involving two or more motor vehicles. Most of the remaining persons were injured in accidents described as collision with object other than motor vehicle, "sudden stop," and "turning over."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Vital Statistics of the United States, 1960, Volume II, National Vital Statistics Division. Washington, U. S. Government Printing Office (in preparation).

#### Sex and Age

The rate of persons injured involving motor vehicles is 1.9 per 100 population for males, and 1.4 per 100 population for females. The higher rate for males is consistent in all of the age groups shown in figure 3. The overall sex differential, however, is caused primarily by the high rate among males aged 15-24 (3.3 per 100 population) and the low rate for females aged 25-44 (1.2 per 100 population).

Children under the age of 15 had a rate of only 0.9 per 100 population. Since children who do

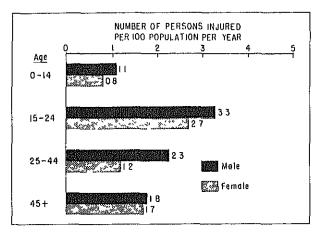


Figure 3. Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents, by age and sex.

not drive probably travel fewer miles than older persons, their exposure to risk of injury in a moving motor vehicle is diminished. Also, this low rate may indicate that adults tend to drive more carefully when children are passengers,

The 1.4 persons injured per 100 population for persons aged 65 years and over is the lowest rate of injury for the age groups over the age of 15 (table 1). This lower rate for older persons may be due to smaller exposure to risk since they would tend to travel less frequently and for shorter distances by motor vehicle than persons in the younger age groups. In addition to economic restriction, older persons may be incapable of operating a motor vehicle because of health and age restrictions, or because they never learned to drive.

While the number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population over the age of 45 is similar to the rate for persons aged 25-44 and considerably lower than the rate for persons aged 15-24, the severity of the resulting injury appears to be much greater in the older groups. Of the 676,000 persons aged 45-64 injured in moving motor vehicle accidents, half had to spend one or more days in bed and one-third required hospitalization because of the injury incurred (tables D and 3). By definition, cases which involve hospitalization are also counted as bed-disabling cases. About 62.9 percent of those persons over the age of 65 injured in moving motor vehicle accidents had one or

Table D. Average annual number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents and percent of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, bed-disabling, and hospitalized injuries, by age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|  | Average                                | Persons with:                        |                                      |                                      |                                    |  |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Age                                    | number of persons injured in thousands | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries    | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries        | Hospitalized<br>injuries           |  |
|  |  |                                      | Percent of p                         | ersons inju                          | red                                |  |
| All ages                               | 2,890                                  | 92.7                                 | 70.6                                 | 41.9                                 | 23.4                               |  |
| 0-14<br>15-24<br>25-44<br>45-64<br>65+ | 526<br>696<br>781<br>676<br>210        | 93.5<br>94.1<br>97.8<br>86.4<br>88.6 | 51.3<br>60.5<br>82.3<br>76.0<br>91.9 | 35.9<br>39.2<br>35.6<br>50.0<br>62.9 | 23.2<br>(*)<br>21.9<br>33.3<br>(*) |  |

more days of bed disability due to the injury. In all of the age groups under 45 years, less than 40 percent of the persons injured had one or more days of bed disability and less than 25 percent were hospitalized because of the moving motor vehicle injury.

A further illustration that the resulting disability of moving motor vehicle accidents for older persons is much greater than it is for persons in the younger age groups is presented in table 4. The number of days of restricted activity and of bed disability per 100 population and the number of days lost from work per 100 currently employed population is considerably higher for persons over the age of 45 years than for younger persons. It is interesting to note that persons aged 15-24, who have the highest rate of injuries per 100 population, had the smallest number of days per 100 population for all three disability categories among persons over the age of 15 years.

#### Residence

Persons living in rural-nonfarm residence areas were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents at a rate of 2.6 per 100 population (table 5). The rate for urban and rural-farm residents was less than half this estimate. As shown in figure 4, males accounted for a large proportion of the injuries in the rural-nonfarm area with a rate of 3.3 per 100 population.

In interpreting these data, the reader must remember that these areas describe the place of residence of the person injured, not the place where the accident occurred, However, it could be expected that a person would do a major por-

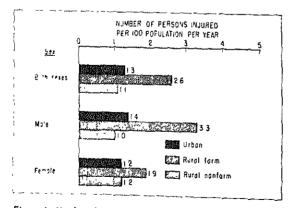


Figure 4 Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population, by sex and residence.

tion of his driving within the area in which he resides. Assuming this to be the case, a possible explanation can be given for this large difference in rates among the places of residence, Because of speed limits and traffic congestion, persons tend to drive more slowly in urban areas than in rural-nonfarm areas. Hence, the possibility of a moving motor vehicle accident resulting in injury is considerably less in urban areas, even though the number of accidents is as high or higher than in rural-nonfarm areas. In rural-farm areas. where the driving speed would be similar to ruralnonfarm areas, the low rate of injury due to motor vehicles may be related to the smaller number of cars on the farm-area roads, which have fewer road and street intersections.

As illustrated in table E, the rate of moving motor vehicle injury is much higher for ruralnonfarm residents than for rural-farm residents in each of the age groups shown. However, the distribution of injury rates by age indicates a similar pattern for nonfarm and farm residents. Relative to the other age groups within the area of residence, persons in the 15-24 year age group have a very high rate and children under 15 years have a very low rate of injury in both types of rural residence. It has been the general policy in this report to omit figures based on estimates of less than 100,000, which could be expected to have a high sampling error. Since there is interest in the comparative rates as well as the age distribution of injury among nonfarm and farm residents, small estimates have been shown in table E. The reader is warned that these estimates do not have the same degree of reliability as for other estimates shown in this report.

Moving motor vehicle accidents involving rural-nonfarm residents caused 1.7 persons per 100 population to restrict their usual activity for one or more days. Of these, one person out of every 100 population had one or more days of bed disability (table 7). These rates, while considerably higher than those shown for persons with urban and rural-farm residence, do not reflect as great a residential difference as indicated in figure 4.

Although rural-nonfarm residents were injured at a rate much higher than the rate in rural-farm and urban areas, the number of resulting restricted-activity days and bed-disability days per 100 rural-nonfarm population was not essentially different from comparable estimates for urban and rural-farm residents, Only for work-loss days was the rural-nonfarm rate of 31.8 days per 100 currently employed persons

Table E. Average annual number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by residence and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|           |   |                   | Ag                | ge                |                   |                   |
|-----------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Residence | All<br>ages   | 0-14              | 15-24             | 25-44             | 45-64             | 65+               |
|           | Nun   | ber of p          | ersons in         | jured in          | thousands         |                   |
| All areas | 2,890   | 526               | 696               | 781               | 676               | 210               |
| Urban     | 1,375<br>1,287<br>228                                 | 240<br>255<br>31  | 189<br>432<br>75  | 447<br>299<br>35  | 334<br>256<br>86  | 166<br>45<br>-    |
|           | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| All areas | 1.6   | 0.9               | 3.0               | 1.7               | 1.9               | 1.4               |
| Urban     | 1.3<br>2.6<br>1.1                                     | 0.8<br>1.4<br>0.4 | 1.3<br>7.2<br>2.5 | 1.6<br>2.2<br>0.8 | 1.4<br>3.1<br>1.9 | 1.7<br>1.3<br>(*) |

considerably higher than the 23.3 days for urban residents and the 21.5 days for rural-farm residents (table 8).

The high injury rate with the relatively low rate of resulting disability days among ruralnonfarm residents may be explained in part by the age composition of those persons injured within each of the places of residence, as shown in table E. For all age groups under the age of 65 years, the rural-nonfarm population had the highest number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population. However, rural-nonfarm persons aged 15-24 had an exceptionally high rate, 7.2 persons injured per 100 population, and were chiefly responsible for the large residential difference in number of persons injured in moving motor vehicles. Since persons in the younger age groups tend to have a much lower number of disability days per 100 population, the large number of injuries for the 15-24 year age group would not result in a corresponding high rate of disability days.

### Region

In the West, 3.2 persons per 100 population were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents

per year during this period. As illustrated in figure 5, this is approximately twice the rate reported in the Northeast and North Central regions and three times the rate in the South. In each of these three latter regions as well as in the total population, the rate of moving motor ve-

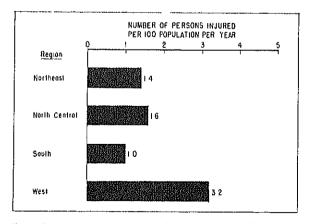


Figure 5. Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population per year, by region.

hicle injuries was higher for males than for females. However, in the West this pattern was reversed with 3.6 females per 100 population injured in moving motor vehicle accidents as compared with 2.7 males per 100 population (table 9).

There is no simple explanation for the especially high rate of injury in the West, but the relative differences in the West rate and the rates in the other regions are reduced somewhat when the number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents is related to the number of motor vehicle miles traveled (table F). In the West region 6.7 persons were injured per million miles traveled; comparable rates were 4.0 in the Northeast and North Central regions and 2.5 in the South region.

The age-specific rates of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents are shown by region in table G. The number of persons injured in the West per 100 population was higher than the rates in the other regions for all of the age groups shown. The largest difference was noted in the age groups under 15 and 25-44. The 2,2 children under the age of 15 in the West injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population is almost 3 times the rate in any of the

other regions. Persons aged 25-44 living in the West had a rate of 4.0 per 100 population which ranges from 2½ times the rate in the North Central to almost 4 times the rate in the Northeast. Since the age-specific rates of injury were higher for the West than for any of the other regions, differences in the age distribution of the population in the regions are not a major factor contributing to the high total moving motor vehicle injury rate in the West.

The rate of persons with activity-restricting injuries, 2.6 persons per 100 population, and with bed-disabling injuries, 1.5 persons per 100 population, was much higher in the West than in the other regions (table 11). These higher rates in the West are due primarily to the large number of females in that region who experienced one or more days of disability because of injury.

In all three disability categories shown in table 12, the number of disability days per year for persons residing in the West per 100 population was considerably higher than the rate in the other regions. This again was due to the high rate for the female population. Based on a rate of disability days resulting from moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population, females living

Table F. Number of persons injured and disability days resulting from moving motor vehicle accidents per million miles traveled per year, by region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

|             | Average<br>annual<br>number of           | Number of                                 | Disability days                  |                                   |  |
|-------------|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Region      | motor vehicle miles traveled in millions | jured per<br>million<br>miles<br>traveled | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days  | Bed-<br>disability<br>days        |  |
|             |  |   | per milli                        | sability days<br>on miles<br>eled |  |
| All regions | 718,953                                  | 4.0                                       | 120.4                            | 35.8                              |  |
| Northeast   | 163,293<br>211,230<br>218,777<br>125,653 | 4.0<br>4.0<br>2.5<br>6.7                  | 126.5<br>101.5<br>116.0<br>151.9 | 30.2<br>34.4<br>35.8<br>45.4      |  |

Source: Estimated average annual number of motor vehicle miles traveled, January 1959-December 1961, by Bureau of Public Roads, U. S. Department of Commerce.

Table G. Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population per year, by region and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

| Region      | All<br>ages                            | Under<br>15              | 15-24                    | 25-44                    | 45+                      |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
|             | Number of persons injured per 100 popu |                          |                          |                          |                          |
| All regions | 1.6                                    | 0.9                      | 3.0                      | 1.7                      | 1.7                      |
| Northeast   | 1.4<br>1.6<br>1.0<br>3.2               | (*)<br>0.8<br>0.6<br>2.2 | 2.3<br>4.0<br>1.5<br>5.7 | 1.1<br>1.6<br>1.3<br>4.0 | 2.1<br>1.6<br>1.2<br>2.4 |

in the West had over twice as many restrictedactivity and bed-disability days, and three times as many work-loss days as did females in the other three regions.

• When, as illustrated in table F, the number of disability days are expressed as a rate based on the estimated number of motor vehicle miles traveled, the rate in the West still exceeds the rates for the other regions. However, regional differences are not as pronounced as when the rates of disability days are based on the population.

#### Family Income

Persons in the family income groups below \$4,000 per year, as shown in figure 6, had lower rates of moving motor vehicle injuries than did

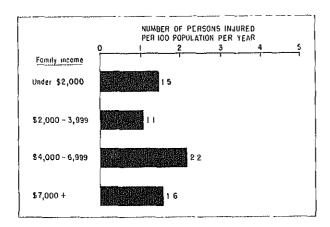


Figure 6. Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population, by family income.

persons whose family income was \$4,000 or more. These rates are, of course, influenced to some extent by the relationship between economic status and use of motor vehicles. Persons with low family incomes probably do less riding in motor vehicles, so their exposure to risk of injury in such accidents is reduced.

The number of persons per 100 population who experienced one or more days of restricted activity resulting from a moving motor vehicle accident was also lower for persons in the lower family income groups. Yet the number of these persons who had to spend one or more days in bed per 100 population was highest for persons in the family income group "under \$2,000" and lowest for persons with family income of "\$7,000 or more" (table 15).

The number of restricted-activity and bed-disability days per 100 population and the number of work-loss days per 100 currently employed persons was considerably higher for persons in the "under \$2,000" family income group (table 16). This high rate of disability is probably due to the large proportion of the older persons in the population in this low family income group. As previously pointed out, older persons, because of their limited amount of motor vehicle travel, have less exposure to risk of moving motor vehicle injury; but when they are injured, the resulting disability is much greater than that for the younger age groups.

#### Usual Activity Status

Figure 7 shows the number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population per year, according to usual activity

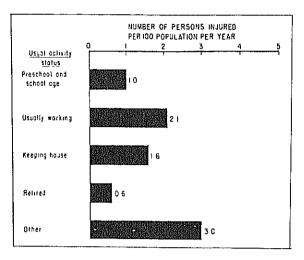


Figure 7 Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population per year, by usual activity status.

status. Only 0.6 persons per 100 population reported as retired were injured in moving motor vehicle accidents. However, this rate is based on an estimate of only 38,000 persons injured, which because of its small size could be expected to have a very large error in sampling. Since the low frequency of injury among retired persons is of some interest, this estimate has been shown. Therefore the reader is warned that the estimates for retired persons do not have the same degree of reliability as for other estimates shown in this report.

The number of usually working persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents was 2.1 per 100 population. This rate is significantly higher than the 1.6 persons injured per 100 population classified as keeping house. This difference reflects the lower rate of moving motor vehicle injuries for the female population (tables 17 and 19).

The usual activity status classified as "other" includes primarily persons over the age of 17 years who were going to school. It also includes persons who, because of illness or disability, were not able to work but did not consider themselves as retired. The 3.0 persons injured per 100 population classified as "other" reflects the large number of students 17-24 in this group, an age group with a high rate of injury. The National Health Survey includes in its count of persons injured only those who were injured in accidents

that occurred during the two-week period prior to the week of interview. However, the estimates for days of disability include all those days of disability experienced during the two-week reference period even if the injury causing the disability occurred prior to this period. It is quite possible that the high rate of disability days for the "other" group (table 20) is the reflection of the inclusion of persons who, because of injury or impairment due to a motor vehicle accident that happened prior to the reference period, were still unable to work and had days of disability during the two weeks prior to interview.

#### Marital Status

The number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents, according to marital status, is presented in tables 21, 23, and 24. As illustrated in figure 8, persons classified as never married had the highest rate of injury, 2.9 persons per 100 population. This high rate of injury resulting from moving motor vehicle accidents is one to the large proportion of young people included in the never married category. The low rate of disability due to motor vehicle injuries in the never married group also reflects the low disability rates among persons 15-24 years. However, the never married male population with a very high moving motor vehicle injury rate, 3.8 per 100 population, had a higher rate of disability than did males in the married population.

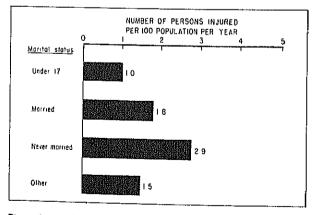


Figure 8. Number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents per 100 population per year, by marital status.

The marital status classified as "other" includes persons who are widowed, divorced, and separated. Therefore, the small number of persons injured in moving motor vehicle accidents, 1.5 per 100 population and large number of disability days, 97.1 restricted-activity days and 31.8 bed-disability days per 100 population, and 29.3 work-loss days per 100 currently employed population reflect the large number of older persons in the "other" category.

### **POPULATION**

The final tables in this report (tables 25-28 present population estimates by selected charac teristics. These estimates, derived from th Health Interview Survey sample, are solely fo the purpose of providing denominators for rat computation and are not to be considered as of ficial population estimates.

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Table 1. Average annual number of persons injured 1 in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                |              | Persons in               | jured in mo | tor vehic   | le acciden | ts         |
|----------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------|---|------------|------------|
| Sex and age    |              |                          | Motor       | vehicle   |            |            |
|                | Total        | Moving                   | Nonmoving   | Total   | Moving     | Nonmoving  |
| Both sexes     |              | e number o<br>red in tho |             | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |            |            |
| All ages       | 4,770        | 2,890                    | 1,881       | 2.7   | 1.6        | 1.1        |
| 0-14           | 1,142<br>978 | 526<br>696               | 615<br>282  | 2.0<br>4.2  | 0.9<br>3.0 | 1.1<br>1.2 |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 1,318<br>940 | 781<br>676               | 537<br>264  | 2.9<br>2.6  | 1.7<br>1.9 | 1.2<br>0.7 |
| 65+            | 393          | 210                      | 183         | 2.6   | 1.4        | 1.2        |
| <u>Male</u>    |              |                          |             |   |            |            |
| All ages       | 2,761        | 1,613                    | 1,147       | 3.2   | 1.9        | 1.3        |
| 0-14<br>15-24  | 656<br>590   | 316<br>365               | 341<br>226  | 2.3<br>5.4  | 1.1<br>3.3 | 1.2<br>2.1 |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 860<br>554   | 503<br>366               | 357<br>188  | 4.0<br>3.2  | 2.3<br>2.1 | 1.6        |
| 65+            | 101          | (*)                      | (*)         | 1.5   | (*)        | (*)        |
| Female         |              |                          |             |   |            |            |
| A11 ages       | 2,010        | 1,276                    | 733         | 2.2   | 1.4        | 0.8        |
| 0-14           | 485<br>388   | 211<br>331               | 275<br>(*)  | 1.8<br>3.2  | 0.8<br>2.7 | 1.0 (*)    |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 458<br>386   | 278<br>310               | 180<br>(*)  | 1.9<br>2.1  | 1.2        | 0.8 (*)    |
| 65+            | 292          | 146                      | 146         | 3.5   | 1.7        | 1.7        |

<sup>1</sup> Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 2. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and inforally on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

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|--------------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
|                    | Persons                                  | Pe   | rsons with  | ι:                                      | Persons                              | P  | ersons with   | 1:                                      |
| Sex and age        | injured in all motor vehicle acci- dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries | injured in motor vehicle acci- dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries |
| Both sexes         | Average                                  |  | of persons<br>ousands                               | injured                                 | Number                               | of perso<br>populati                             | ns injured<br>on per year                           | per 100<br>r                            |
| All ages           | 4,770                                    | 4,272  | 2,991   | 1,416                                   | 2.7                                  | 2.4  | 1.7   | 0.8                                     |
| 0-14               | 1,142<br>978                             | 1,014<br>937                                     | 510<br>495  | 278<br>273                              | 2.0<br>4.2                           | 1.8<br>4.0                                       | 0.9<br>2.1  | 0.5                                     |
| 25-44              | 1,318<br>940                             | 1,247<br>812                                     | 964<br>682  | 336<br>397                              | 2.9<br>2.6                           | 2.7<br>2.3                                       | 2.1<br>1.9  | 0.7<br>1.1                              |
| 65t                | 393                                      | 261  | 339   | 132                                     | 2.6                                  | 1.7  | 2.2   | 0.9                                     |
| Male               |  |  | }   |   | }                                    |  |   |   |
| All ages           | 2,761                                    | 2,543  | 1,601   | 820                                     | 3.2                                  | 3.0  | 1.9   | 1.0                                     |
| 0-14<br>15-24      | 656<br>590                               | 605<br>549                                       | 270<br>263  | 196<br>(*)                              | 2.3<br>5.4                           | 2.1<br>5.0                                       | 0.9<br>2.4  | 0.7<br>(*)                              |
| 25-44<br>45-64     | 860<br>554                               | 825<br>463                                       | 581<br>423  | 231<br>265                              | 4.0                                  | 3.8<br>2.7                                       | 2.7   | 1,1<br>1,5                              |
| 65+                | 101                                      | 101  | (*)   | (*)                                     | 1.5                                  | 1.5  | (*)   | (*)                                     |
| <u>Female</u>      |  |  |   |   |                                      |  | -   |   |
| All ages           | 2,010                                    | 1,728  | 1,390   | 596                                     | 2,2                                  | 1.9  | 1.5   | 0.7                                     |
| 0-14<br>15-24      | 485<br>388                               | 409<br>388                                       |   | (*)<br>194                              | 1.8                                  | 1.5  | 0.9   | (*)<br>1.6                              |
| 25-44<br>45-64     | 458<br>386                               | 422<br>349                                       |   | 104<br>132                              |                                      | 1.8  | 1.6   | 0.4<br>0.7                              |
| 65+                | 292                                      | 1.60   | 275   | (*)                                     | 3.5                                  | 1.9  | 3.3   | (*)                                     |

<sup>1</sup> Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 3. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

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|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
|                  | Persons<br>injured                  | P  | ersons wit  | h:                                      | Persons   | Persons with:   |   |   |  |
| Sex and age      | in moving motor vehicle acci- dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries | injured<br>in<br>motor<br>vehicle<br>acci-<br>dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries      | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries |  |
| Both sexes       | Average                             | Average number of persons injured in thousands   |   |   |   | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |   |   |  |
| A11 ages         | 2,890                               | 2,680  | 2,041   | 1,211                                   | 1.6   | 1.5   | 1.2   | 0.7                                     |  |
| 0-14             | 526<br>696                          | 492<br>655                                       | 270<br>421  | 189<br>273                              | 0.9<br>3.0  | 0.9<br>2.8  | 0.5<br>1.8  | 0.3<br>1.2                              |  |
| 25-44<br>45-64   | 781<br>676                          | 764<br>584                                       | 643<br>514  | 278<br>338                              | 1.7<br>1.9  | 1.7<br>1.6  | 1.4<br>1.4  | 0.6<br>0.9                              |  |
| 65+              | 210                                 | 186  | 193   | 132                                     | 1.4   | 1.2   | 1.3   | 0.9                                     |  |
| Male             |                                     |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| All ages         | 1,613                               | 1,448  | 1,169   | 666                                     | 1.9   | 1.7   | 1.4   | 0.8                                     |  |
| 0-14             | 316<br>365                          | 281<br>324                                       | 198<br>206  | 141<br>(*)                              | 1.1<br>3.3  | 1.0<br>2.9  | 0.7<br>1.9  | 0.5<br>(*)                              |  |
| 25-44<br>45-64   | 503<br>366                          | 486<br>292                                       | 406<br>312  | 173<br>225                              | 2.3<br>2.1  | 2.2<br>1.7  | 1.9   | 0.8<br>1.3                              |  |
| 65+              | (*)                                 | (*)  | (*)   | (*)                                     | (*)   | (*)   | (*)   | (*)                                     |  |
| <u>Female</u>    |                                     |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| All ages         | 1,276                               | 1,233  | 872   | 545                                     | 1.4   | 1.4   | 1.0   | 0.6                                     |  |
| 0-14<br>15-24    | 211<br>331                          | 211<br>331                                       | (*)<br>214  | (*)<br>194                              | 0.8<br>2.7  | 0.8<br>2.7  | (*)<br>1.8  | (*)<br>1.6                              |  |
| 25-44<br>45-64   | 278<br>310                          | 278<br>292                                       | 237<br>202  | 104<br>113                              | 1.2<br>1.7  | 1.2<br>1.6  | 1.0   | 0.4<br>0.6                              |  |
| 65+              | 146                                 | 121  | 146   | (*)                                     | 1.7   | 1.4   | 1.7   | (*)                                     |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

[Data are taked on household interviews of the civilian, noninatitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix 1. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| ty             | on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of torms are given in Appendix II |  |   |   |                                      |  |   |   |  |
|----------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
|                | Persons  | F  | ersons wit  | h:                                      | Persons                              | ]  | Persons wi  | th:                                     |  |
| Sex and age    | injured in all motor vehicle acci- dents   | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries | injured in motor vehicle acci- dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries |  |
| Eoth sexes     | Average  |  | of persons<br>ousands                               | injured                                 | Number                               |  | ons injure<br>on per yea                            |   |  |
| All ages       | 4,770  | 4,272  | 2,991   | 1,416                                   | 2.7                                  | 2.4  | 1.7   | 0.8                                     |  |
| 0-14<br>15-24  | 1,142<br>978   | 1,014<br>937                                     | 510<br>495  | 278<br>273                              | 2.0<br>4.2                           | 1.8<br>4.0                                       | 0.9<br>2.1  | 0.5                                     |  |
| 45-64          | 1,318<br>940   | 1,247<br>812                                     | 964<br>682  | 336<br>397                              | 2.9<br>2.6                           | 2.7<br>2.3                                       | 2.1<br>1.9  | 0.7                                     |  |
| 65+            | 393  | 261  | 339   | 132                                     | 2.6                                  | 1.7  | 2.2   | 0.9                                     |  |
| Male           |  |  | }   |   | 1                                    |  |   | }                                       |  |
| All ages       | 2,761  | 2,543  | 1,601   | 820                                     | 3,2                                  | 3.0  | 1.9   | 1.0                                     |  |
| 0-14           | 656<br>590   | 605<br>549                                       | 270<br>263  | 196<br>(*)                              | 2.3<br>5.4                           | 2.1<br>5.0                                       | 0.9   | 0.7<br>(*)                              |  |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 860<br>554   | 825<br>463                                       | 581<br>423  | 231 (<br>265 )                          | 4.0<br>3.2                           | 3.8  | 2.7<br>2.4  | 1.1<br>1.5                              |  |
| 654            | 101  | 101  | (*)   | (*)                                     | 1.5                                  | 1.5  | (*)   | (*)                                     |  |
| <u>Ferale</u>  |  |  |   | <b></b>                                 | }                                    | }  | }   |   |  |
| All ages       | 2,010  | 1,728  | 1,390   | 596                                     | 2.2                                  | 1.9  | 1.5   | 0.7                                     |  |
| 15-24          | 485<br>388   | 409<br>388                                       | 240<br>233  | (*)<br>194                              | 1.8                                  | 1.5  | 0.9   | (*)<br>1.6                              |  |
| 45-54          | 458<br>386   | 422<br>349                                       | 383<br>259  | 104<br>132                              | 1.9                                  | 1.8  | 1.6<br>1.4  | 0.4<br>0.7                              |  |
| 73******       | 292  | 160  | 275   | (*)                                     | 3.5                                  | 1.9  | 3.3   | (*)                                     |  |

if the first and which which will be a solding one of more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 3. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and age: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                | Persons<br>injured                                 | P  | ersons wit  | h:                                      | Persons                              | Persons with:                                    |   |   |
|----------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Sex and age    | in<br>moving<br>motor<br>vehicle<br>acci-<br>dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries | injured in motor vehicle acci- dents | Medi-<br>cally<br>at-<br>tended<br>inju-<br>ries | Activ-<br>ity-<br>re-<br>strict-<br>ing<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disa-<br>bling<br>inju-<br>ries |
| Both sexes     | Average  |  | of persons<br>ousands                               | injured                                 | Number                               | of perso<br>populati                             | ns injured<br>on per yea                            | per 100                                 |
| All ages       | 2,890  | 2,680  | 2,041   | 1,211                                   | 1.6                                  | 1.5  | 1.2   | 0.7                                     |
| 0-14<br>15-24  | 526<br>696   | 492<br>655                                       | 270<br>421  | 189<br>273                              | 0.9<br>3.0                           | 0.9  | 0.5<br>1.8  | 0.3<br>1.2                              |
| 25-44          | 781<br>676   | <b>7</b> 64<br>584                               | 643<br>514  | 278<br>338                              | 1.7<br>1.9                           | 1.7<br>1.6                                       | 1.4<br>1.4  | 0.6<br>0.9                              |
| 65+            | 210  | 186  | 193   | 132                                     | 1.4                                  | 1.2  | 1.3   | 0.9                                     |
| <u>Male</u>    |  | :  |   | !                                       |                                      |  |   |   |
| All ages       | 1,613  | 1,448  | 1,169   | <b>6</b> 66                             | 1.9                                  | 1.7  | 1.4   | 0.8                                     |
| 0-14<br>15-24  | 316<br>365   | 281<br>324                                       | 198<br>206  | 141<br>(*)                              | 1.1<br>3.3                           | 1.0<br>2.9                                       | 0.7<br>1.9  | 0.5<br>(*)                              |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 503<br>366   | 486<br>292                                       | 406<br>312  | 173<br>225                              | 2.3<br>2.1                           | 2.2<br>1.7                                       | 1.9<br>1.8  | 0.8<br>1.3                              |
| 65+            | (*)  | (*)  | (*)   | (*)                                     | (*)                                  | (*)  | (*)   | (*)                                     |
| <u>Female</u>  |  |  | ,   |   |                                      |  |   |   |
| All ages       | 1,276  | 1,233  | 872   | 545                                     | 1.4                                  | 1.4  | 1.0   | 0.6                                     |
| 0-14           | 211<br>331   | 211<br>331                                       | (*)<br>214  | (*)<br>194                              | 0.8<br>2.7                           | 0.8<br>2.7                                       | (*)<br>1.8  | (*)<br>1.6                              |
| 25-44<br>45-64 | 278<br>310   | 278<br>292                                       | 237<br>202  | 104<br>113                              | 1.2<br>1.7                           | 1.2<br>1.6                                       | 1.0<br>1.1  | 0.4<br>0.6                              |
| 65+            | 146  | 121  | 146   | (*)                                     | 1.7                                  | 1.4  | 1.7   | (*)                                     |

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention,

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, nomenticational population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                                 | All motor                                     | vehicle acci                               | dents                              | Moving moto                                   | r vehicle ac                              | cidents                            |
|---------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Sex and age                     | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days               | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                 | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup> | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days               | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup> |
| Both sexes                      | Ave   | rage number                                | of disab                           | ility days in                                 | thousands                                 |                                    |
| All ages                        | 101,681                                       | 29,193                                     | 21,189                             | 86,575  | 25,724                                    | 16,861                             |
| 0-14                            | 6,141<br>11,350<br>35,585<br>33,532<br>15,073 | 2,326<br>2,973<br>9,582<br>10,221<br>4,091 | 1,225<br>10,108<br>7,981<br>1,875  | 5,067<br>10,443<br>29,568<br>28,544<br>12,953 | 2,167<br>2,973<br>8,032<br>8,902<br>3,650 | 1,22<br>7,589<br>6,414<br>1,632    |
| Male                            |   |  |                                    |   |   | ]                                  |
| All ages                        | 52,086  | 16,362                                     | 15,394                             | 42,485  | 14,191                                    | 11,537                             |
| 0-14<br>15-24<br>25-44<br>45-64 | 4,240<br>5,774<br>18,631<br>15,914<br>7,527   | 1,683<br>1,921<br>5,316<br>5,708<br>1,734  | 945<br>8,163<br>5,377<br>910       | 3,615<br>5,151<br>13,972<br>13,036<br>6,711   | 1,572<br>1,921<br>4,085<br>4,878<br>1,734 | 94<br>5,85<br>4,07<br>66           |
| <u>Female</u>                   |   |  |                                    |   |   |                                    |
| All ages                        | 49,595  | 12,830                                     | 5,795                              | 44,090  | 11,533                                    | 5,32                               |
| 0-14                            | 1,900<br>5,576<br>16,954<br>17,618<br>7,547   | 1,052<br>4,265<br>4,513                    | (*)<br>1,945<br>2,604<br>965       | 1,452<br>5,292<br>15,597<br>15,508<br>6,242   | 594<br>1,052<br>3,947<br>4,024<br>1,915   | (*)<br>1,73<br>2,34<br>96          |
| Both sexes                      | Numbe   | r of disabil:                              | ity days                           | per 100 popul                                 | lation per ye                             | ar                                 |
| All ages                        | 57.7  | 16.6                                       | 31,7                               | 49.1  | 14.6                                      | 25.                                |
| 0-14                            | 10.9<br>49.0<br>78.3<br>93.2<br>98.3          | 12.8<br>21.1<br>28.4                       | 12.5<br>33.7<br>33.6<br>58.2       | 9.0<br>45.1<br>65.1<br>79.3<br>84.5           | 3.8<br>12.8<br>17.7<br>24.7<br>23.8       | 12.<br>25.<br>27.<br>50.           |
| <u>Male</u>                     |   |  | }                                  |   |   | }                                  |
| All ages                        | 60.7  | 19.1                                       | 34.8                               | 49.5  | 16.5                                      | 26.                                |
| 0-14                            | 14.7<br>52.4<br>85.7<br>91.7                  | 17.4<br>24.4<br>32.9                       | 16.4<br>39.6<br>34.3               | 12.6<br>46.8<br>64.2<br>75.1<br>97.3          | 5.5<br>17.4<br>18.8<br>28.1<br>25.1       | 16.<br>28.<br>26.                  |
| <u>Female</u>                   |   |  | ""                                 | ""  |   | }                                  |
| All ages                        | 54.4  | 14.2                                       | 25.8                               | 48.7  | 12.7                                      | 23                                 |
| 0-14                            | 6.9<br>45.8<br>71.0<br>94.0                   | 8,6<br>5 18.0                              | (*)<br>20.8                        | 5.3<br>43.5<br>65.9                           | 2.2<br>8.6<br>16.7<br>21.6<br>22.7        | 18<br>29<br>97                     |

Table 5. Average annual number of persons injured in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and residence: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                    |                       | Persons                 | injured in mo       | tor vehic                    | le acciden        | ts                |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Sex and residence  |                       |                         | Motor v             | ehicle                       |                   |                   |
|                    | Total                 | Moving                  | Nonmoving           | Total                        | Moving            | Nonmoving         |
| <u>Both sexes</u>  |                       | ge number<br>ured in th |                     | sons injured<br>ion per year |                   |                   |
| All areas          | 4,770                 | 2,890                   | 1,881               | 2.7                          | 1.6               | 1.1               |
| Urban              | 2,454<br>1,761<br>555 | 1,375<br>1,287<br>228   | 1,080<br>474<br>327 | 2.3<br>3.6<br>2.6            | 1.3<br>2.6<br>1.1 | 1.0<br>1.0<br>1.5 |
| <u>Male</u>        |                       |                         |                     |                              |                   |                   |
| All areas          | 2,761                 | 1,613                   | 1,147               | 3.2                          | 1.9               | 1.3               |
| Urban              | 1,378<br>1,095<br>288 | 704<br>803<br>107       | 674<br>292<br>181   | 2.7<br>4.5<br>2.6            | 1.4<br>3.3<br>1.0 | 1.3<br>1.2<br>1.6 |
| All areas          | 2,010                 | 1,276                   | 733                 | 2.2                          | 1.4               | 0.8               |
| UrbanRural nonfarm | 1,076<br>666<br>267   | 671<br>485<br>121       | 405<br>182<br>147   | 1.9<br>2.7<br>2.6            | 1.2<br>1.9<br>1.2 | 0.7<br>0.7<br>1.4 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 6. Average number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all rotor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by the activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all rotor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by the activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries.

The transfer of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information to the fifther transfer are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| alon el glas y sus e sing. Albania el el especial el   | Persons   |                                   | Persons with:                        |                               |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Sex 100 residence  | injured in<br>all motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed~<br>disabling<br>injuries |
| Enzu Tevra   | Average   | number of perso                   | ns injured in t                      | housands                      |
| All areas  | 4,770   | 4,272                             | 2,991                                | 1,416                         |
| Pital Fire-  | 2,454<br>1,761<br>555                           | 2,155<br>1,647<br>469             | 1,507<br>1,070<br>414                | 750<br>534<br>132             |
| Male   |   |                                   |                                      |                               |
| Att are is   | 2,761   | 2,543                             | 1,601                                | 820                           |
| Etg., and a comment of the state of the stat | 1,378<br>1,095<br>288                           | 1,264<br>1,060<br>219             | 727<br>623<br>251                    | 379<br>347<br>(*)             |
| <u>Fctale</u>  |   |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All areas  | 2,010   | 1,728                             | 1,390                                | 596                           |
| Crt  | 1,076<br>666<br>267                             | 891<br>588<br>250                 | 780<br>448<br>162                    | 371<br>187<br>(*)             |
| Full beings  | Number of p                                     | ersons injured p                  | per 100 populati                     | lon per year                  |
| All drugs  | 2.7   | 2.4                               | 1.7                                  | 0.8                           |
| 7 (TEGET)(Annonheronnessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessannessan   | 2.3<br>3.6<br>2.6                               | 2.0<br>3.3<br>2.2                 | 1.4<br>2.2<br>1.9                    | 0.7<br>1.1<br>0.6             |
| Male   |   | ļ                                 | }                                    |                               |
| Att construction   | 3,2   | 3.0                               | 1.9                                  | 1.0                           |
| 41 T., T.  | 2.7<br>4.5<br>2.6                               | 2.5<br>4.4<br>2.0                 | 1.4<br>2.6<br>2.3                    | 0.7<br>1.4<br>(*)             |
| Fr :210  |   | {                                 | 1                                    | ·                             |
| AL: 056 12   | 2.2   | 1.9                               | 1.5                                  | 0.7                           |
| arai isa   | 1.9<br>2.7<br>2.6                               | 1.6<br>2.4<br>2.4                 | 1.4<br>1.8<br>1.6                    | 0.7<br>0.8<br>(*)             |

and the state of the state of the days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 7. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries 1 due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and residence: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| on the reliability of the estimate | a are given in Appeadin              | . Definitions of ten              | is are given in Append               | ix II J                       |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                                    | Persons<br>injured in                |                                   | Persons with:                        |                               |
| Sex and residence                  | moving motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries |
| Both sexes                         | Average                              | number of perso                   | ns injured in t                      | housands                      |
| All areas                          | 2,890                                | 2,680                             | 2,041                                | 1,211                         |
| Urban                              | 1,375<br>1,287<br>228                | 1,235<br>1,252<br>194             | 1,016<br>845<br>181                  | 637<br>499<br>(*)             |
| <u>Male</u>                        |                                      |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All areas                          | 1,613                                | 1,448                             | 1,169                                | 666                           |
| Urban                              | 704<br>803<br>107                    | 608<br>767<br>(*)                 | 535<br>527<br>107                    | 302<br>328<br>(*)             |
| <u>Female</u>                      | !                                    |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All areas                          | 1,276                                | 1,233                             | 872                                  | 545                           |
| UrbanRural nonfarm                 | 671<br>485<br>121                    | 628<br>485<br>121                 | 481<br>318<br>(*)                    | 336<br>170<br>(*)             |
| Both sexes                         | Number of p                          | ersons injured                    | per 100 populat                      | ion per year                  |
| All areas                          | 1.6                                  | 1.5                               | 1,2                                  | 0.7                           |
| Urban                              | 1.3<br>2.6<br>1.1                    | 1.2<br>2.5<br>0.9                 | 1.0<br>1.7<br>0.9                    | 0.6<br>1.0<br>(*)             |
| Male                               |                                      |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All areas                          | 1.9                                  | 1.7                               | 1.4                                  | 0.8                           |
| Urban                              | 1.4<br>3.3<br>1.0                    | 1.2<br>3.2<br>(*)                 | 1.1<br>2.2<br>1.0                    | 0.6<br>1.4<br>(*)             |
| Female                             |                                      |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All areas                          | 1.4                                  | 1,4                               | 1.0                                  | 0.6                           |
| Urban                              | 1.2<br>1.9<br>1.2                    | 1.1<br>1.9<br>1.2                 | 0.9<br>1.3<br>(*)                    | 0.6<br>0.7<br>(*)             |

Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 8. Average annual number of disability days due to all motor vehicle and moving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days per 100 population per year, by sex and residence: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| on the remaining of the |                  |                    |               |                  |                    |               |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|                         | All motor        | vehicle acci       | dents         | Moving moto      | r vehicle ac       | cidents       |
| Sex and residence       | Restricted-      | Bed-               | Work-         | Restricted-      | Bed-<br>disability | Work-<br>loss |
|                         | activity<br>days | disability<br>days | loss<br>days1 | activity<br>days | disability         | days1         |
|                         |                  | days               |               |                  |                    | L             |
| Both sexes              | Ave              | rage number        | of disab      | oility days in   | thousands          |               |
| All areas               | 101,681          | 29,193             | 21,189        | 86,575           | 25,724             | 16,861        |
| Urban                   | 60,173           | 17,067             | 12,936        | 50,413           | 14,479             | 9,885         |
| Rural nonfarm           | 28,275           | 8,125              | 6,386         | 24,912           | 7,496              | 5,408         |
| Rural farm              | 13,233           | 4,000              | 1,867         | 11,250           | 3,749              | 1,568         |
| <u>Male</u>             |                  |                    |               |                  |                    |               |
| All areas               | 52,086           | 16,362             | 15,394        | 42,485           | 14,191             | 11,537        |
| Urban                   | 28,343           | 9,341              | 8,650         | 22,457           | 7,683              | 6,069         |
| Rural nonfarm           | 15,451           | 4,439              | 4,924         | 13,185           | 4,146              | 3,946         |
| Rural farm              | 8,292            | 2,582              | 1,821         | 6,843            | 2,362              | 1,522         |
| <u>Female</u>           |                  |                    |               | 1                | '                  |               |
| All areas               | 49,595           | 12,830             | 5,795         | 44,090           | 11,533             | 5,324         |
| irban                   | 31,830           | 7,727              | 4,287         | 27,956           | 6,796              | 3,816         |
| ural nonfarm            | 12,823           | 3,686              | 1,462         | 11,728           | 3,350              | 1,462         |
| ural farm               | 4,942            | 1,418              | (*)           |                  | 1,387              | (*)           |
| Both sexes              | Number           | of disabili        | ty days       | per 100 popul    | ation per ye       | ar            |
| All areas               | 57.7             | 16.6               | 31.7          | 49.1             | 14.6               | 25.3          |
| Jrban                   | 56,9             | 16.1               | 30.4          | 47.6             | 12 7               | 22.2          |
| Rural nonfarm           | 57.5             | 16.5               | 37.6          | 50.7             | 13.7<br>15.2       | 23.3<br>31.8  |
| dural farm              | 62.2             | 18.8               | 25.7          | 52.9             | 17.6               | 21.5          |
| Male                    |                  | !                  |               |                  |                    |               |
| All areas               | 60.7             | 19.1               | 34.8          | 49.5             | 16.5               | 26.1          |
| Urban                   | 56,1             | 10 "               |               |                  |                    |               |
| Tural nonfarm           | 63.7             | 18.5<br>18.3       | 32.1<br>41.8  | 44.4<br>54.3     | 15.2               | 22.5          |
| ural farm               | 75.6             | 23.5               | 32.7          | 62.4             | 17.1  <br>21.5     | 33.5<br>27.4  |
| Female                  |                  |                    |               |                  |                    | 27.14         |
| All areas               | 54.8             | 14.2               | 25.8          | 48.7             | 12.7               | 23.7          |
| Jrban                   |                  |                    |               |                  |                    |               |
| Rural nonfarm           | 57.5<br>51.5     | 14.0               | 27.5          | 50.5             | 12.3               | 24.5          |
| Rural farm              | 48.0             | 14.8<br>13.8       | 28,1<br>(*)   | 47.1             | 13.4               | 28.1          |
|                         |                  | 13.0               | (")           | 42.8             | 13.5               | (*)           |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For currently employed persons 17 or more years of age.

Table 9. Average annual number of persons injured in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and geographic region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

| ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                | Persons                 | injured in mo | tor vehic  | le acciden  | ts         |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------|------------|---|------------|--|--|
| Sex and geographic region             |                |                         | Motor v       | ehicle     |   |            |  |  |
|                                       | Total          | Moving                  | Nonmoving     | Total      | Moving  | Nonmoving  |  |  |
| Both sexes                            |                | ge number<br>ured in th |               |            | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |            |  |  |
| All regions                           | 4,770          | 2,890                   | 1,881         | 2,7        | 1.6   | 1.1        |  |  |
| North Central                         | 928<br>1,320   | 651<br>835              | 277<br>485    | 2.0        | 1.4<br>1.6  | 0.6        |  |  |
| SouthWest                             | 1,241<br>1,281 | 555<br>848              | 686<br>433    | 2.3<br>4.8 | 1.0<br>3.2  | 1.3<br>1.6 |  |  |
| Male                                  | }              |                         |               |            |   |            |  |  |
| All regions                           | 2,761          | 1,613                   | 1,147         | 3.2        | 1.9   | 1.3        |  |  |
| Northeast                             | 528<br>803     | 345<br>498              | 183<br>305    | 2.4<br>3.2 | 1.6<br>2.0  | 0.8<br>1,2 |  |  |
| South                                 | 840<br>590     | 413<br>357              | 427<br>232    | 3.3<br>4.5 | 1.6<br>2.7  | 1.7<br>1.8 |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                         |                | l .                     |               |            | ı   |            |  |  |
| All regions                           | 2,010          | 1,276                   | 733           | 2.2        | 1.4   | 0.8        |  |  |
| Northeast                             | 400<br>516     | 306<br>337              | (*)<br>180    | 1.7        | 1.3<br>1.3  | (*)<br>0.7 |  |  |
| SouthWest                             | 401<br>692     | 142<br>491              | 259<br>201    | 1.5<br>5.0 | 0.5<br>3.6  | 0.9        |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 10. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and geographic region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the caliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| On the reliability of the estimates | Persons   | Persons with:                     |                                      |                               |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Sex and geographic region           | injured in<br>all motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries |  |  |
| Both sexes                          | Average r                                       | number of perso                   | ns injured in t                      |                               |  |  |
| All regions                         | 4,770   | 4,272                             | 2,991                                | 1,416                         |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 928<br>1,320                                    | 829<br>1,227                      | 747<br>648                           | 436<br>306                    |  |  |
| North Gentral                       |   | 1,154                             | 680                                  | 242                           |  |  |
| South                               | 1,241   | 1,061                             | 916                                  | 433                           |  |  |
| West                                | 1,281   | 1,001                             | 7_5                                  |                               |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>                         |   |                                   |                                      | 1                             |  |  |
| All regions                         | 2,761   | 2,543                             | 1,601                                | 820                           |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 528   | 470                               | 425                                  | 29'                           |  |  |
| North Central                       | 803   | 747                               | 395                                  | 20                            |  |  |
| South                               | 840   | 771                               | 436                                  | 14                            |  |  |
| West                                | 590   | 555                               | 345                                  | [                             |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                       |   |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All regions                         | 2,010   | 1,728                             | 1,390                                | 59                            |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 400   | 359                               | 322                                  | 13                            |  |  |
| North Central                       | 516   | 480                               | 252                                  | 1.2                           |  |  |
| South                               | 401   | 383                               | 244                                  | (*                            |  |  |
| West                                | 692   | •                                 |                                      | •                             |  |  |
| Both sexes                          | Number of p                                     | ersons injured                    | per 100 populat                      | ion per year                  |  |  |
| All regions                         | 2.7   | 2.4                               | 1.7                                  | 0.                            |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 2.0   | 1.8                               | 1.6                                  | 1.                            |  |  |
| North Central                       | 2.6   | 2.4                               |                                      | 0.                            |  |  |
| South                               | 2.3   | 2.2                               | 1.3                                  | 0.                            |  |  |
| West                                | 4.8   | 4.0                               | 3.4                                  | 1.                            |  |  |
| Male                                |   |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All regions                         | 3.2   | 3.0                               | 1.9                                  | 1.                            |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 2.4   | 2.1                               | 1.9                                  | 1.                            |  |  |
| North Central                       | 3.2   |                                   |                                      | 0                             |  |  |
| South                               | 3.3   |                                   |                                      | 0                             |  |  |
| West                                | 4.5   | 4.3                               | 2,6                                  | 1                             |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                       |   |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All regions                         | 2.2   | 1.9                               | 1.5                                  | 0                             |  |  |
|                                     | 1.7   | 1.5                               | 1.4                                  | .                             |  |  |
| Northeast                           |   |                                   |                                      | 1 -                           |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 2.0   | ) ] 1.5                           | 9   1.0                              |                               |  |  |
| Northeast                           | 2.0<br>1.5<br>5.0                               | 5 1.4                             |                                      |                               |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 11. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries! due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and geographic region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                           | T                                    | Thermitions of terms are given in Appendix II] |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sex and geographic region | Persons<br>injured in                | Persons with:                                  |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
|                           | moving motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries              | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries |  |  |  |
| Both sexes                | Average                              | number of persons injured in thousands         |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 2,890                                | 2,680  | 2,041                                | 1,211                         |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 651<br>835<br>555<br>848             | 569<br>779<br>521<br>812                       | 554<br>489<br>305<br>693             | 397<br>271<br>1.31<br>412     |  |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>               |                                      |  |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 1,613                                | 1,448  | 1,169                                | 666                           |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 345<br>498<br>413<br>357             | 287<br>442<br>379<br>340                       | 325  <br>325  <br>230  <br>289       | 277<br>179<br>(*)<br>119      |  |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>             |                                      |  |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 1,276                                | 1,233  | 872                                  | 545                           |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 306<br>337<br>142<br>491             | 282<br>337<br>142<br>472                       | 228<br>164<br>(*)<br>404             | 120<br>(*)<br>(*)<br>292      |  |  |  |
| Both sexes                | Number of p                          | ersons injured p                               | per 100 populati                     | lon per year                  |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 1.6                                  | 1.5  | 1.2                                  | 0.7                           |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 1.4<br>1.6<br>1.0<br>3.2             | 1.2<br>1.5<br>1.0<br>3.0                       | 1.2<br>1.0<br>0.6<br>2.6             | 0.9<br>0.5<br>0.2<br>1.5      |  |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>               |                                      |  |                                      |                               |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 1.9                                  | 1.7  | 1.4                                  | 0.8                           |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 1.6<br>2.0<br>1.6<br>2.7             | 1.3<br>1.8<br>1.5<br>2.6                       | 1.5<br>1.3<br>0.9<br>2.2             | 1.3<br>0.7<br>(*)<br>0.9      |  |  |  |
| Female_                   |                                      |  | 1                                    |                               |  |  |  |
| All regions               | 1.4                                  | 1.4  | 1.0                                  | 0.6                           |  |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 1.3<br>1.3<br>0.5<br>3.6             | 1.2<br>1.3<br>0.5<br>3.4                       | 1.0<br>0.6<br>(*)<br>2.9             | 0.5<br>(*)<br>(*)<br>2.1      |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 12. Average annual number of disability days due to all motor vehicle and moving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days per 100 population per year, by sex and geographic region: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.]

|                           | ,   |                                  |                                  | retina ate given in                  |                                  |                                  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
|                           | All motor vehicle accidents Moving motor vehicle ac |                                  |                                  |                                      |                                  | cidents                          |  |  |
| Sex and geographic region | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days                     | Bed-<br>disability<br>days       | Work-<br>loss<br>daysi           | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days      | Bed-<br>disability<br>days       | Work-<br>loss<br>days1           |  |  |
| Both sexes                | Average number of disability days in thousands      |                                  |                                  |                                      |                                  |                                  |  |  |
| All regions               | 101,681   | 29,193                           | 21,189                           | 86,575                               | 25,724                           | 16,861                           |  |  |
| North Gentral             | 24,773<br>24,544<br>30,715<br>21,649                | 5,742<br>8,375<br>8,907<br>6,168 | 5,233<br>4,915<br>6,635<br>4,406 | 20,655<br>21,444<br>25,386<br>19,090 | 4,933<br>7,265<br>7,823<br>5,702 | 3,973<br>3,420<br>5,577<br>3,892 |  |  |
| Male                      |   | ,                                |                                  |                                      |                                  |                                  |  |  |
| All regions               | 52,086  | 16,362                           | 15,394                           | 42,485                               | 14,191                           | 11,537                           |  |  |
| North Central             | 13,598<br>12,143<br>19,020<br>7,325                 | 3,854<br>4,933<br>5,310<br>2,265 | 4,155<br>4,180<br>5,029<br>2,030 | 11,018<br>9,725<br>15,528<br>6,213   | 3,078<br>4,334<br>4,881<br>1,898 | 3,187<br>2,713<br>4,055<br>1,581 |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>             |   | <u> </u>                         |                                  |                                      |                                  |                                  |  |  |
| All regions               | 49,595  | 12,830                           | 5,795                            | 44,090                               | 11,533                           | 5,324                            |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 11,175<br>12,401<br>11,695<br>14,325                | 1,888<br>3,442<br>3,597<br>3,903 | 1,078<br>735<br>1,606<br>2,376   | 9,637<br>11,719<br>9,858<br>12,877   | 1,855<br>2,930<br>2,943<br>3,804 | 786<br>707<br>1,521<br>2,311     |  |  |
| Both sexes                | Number  | of disabili                      | ty days                          | per 100 popul                        | ation per ye                     | ar                               |  |  |
| All regions               | 57.7  | 16.6                             | 31.7                             | 49.1                                 | 14.6                             | 25.3                             |  |  |
| North Central             | 54.2<br>48.5<br>57.7<br>80.8                        | 12.6<br>16.5<br>16.7<br>23.0     | 28.7<br>25.8<br>34.1<br>43.9     | 45.2<br>42.4<br>47.7<br>71.3         | 10.8<br>14.3<br>14.7<br>21.3     | 21.8<br>18.0<br>28.7<br>38.7     |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>               | }   |                                  |                                  | }                                    |                                  |                                  |  |  |
| All regions               | 60.7  | 19.1                             | 34.8                             | 49.5                                 | 16.5                             | 26.1                             |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 61.7<br>48.4<br>74.2<br>56.3                        | 17.5<br>19.7<br>20.7<br>17.4     | 35.0<br>31.8<br>39.8<br>30.6     | 50.0<br>38.8<br>60.6<br>47.7         | 14.0<br>17.3<br>19.0<br>14.6     | 26.9<br>20.6<br>32.1<br>23.8     |  |  |
| Female                    |   |                                  | {                                |                                      |                                  |                                  |  |  |
| All regions               | 54.8  | 14.2                             | 25.8                             | 48.7                                 | 12.7                             | 23.7                             |  |  |
| Northeast                 | 47.3<br>48.5<br>42.4<br>104.1                       | 8.0<br>13.5<br>13.0<br>28.4      | 17.0<br>12.5<br>23.5<br>69.6     | 40.8<br>45.9<br>35.8<br>93.5         | 7.8<br>11.5<br>10.7<br>27.6      | 12.4<br>12.0<br>22.2<br>67.7     |  |  |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{1}}\mathrm{For}$  currently employed persons 17 or more years of age.

Table 13. Average annual number of persons injured in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and family income:
- United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                                | injured in mo                                  | tor vehic    | le acciden         | L 8   |            |            |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------------|---|------------|------------|--|
| Sex and family income          | Motor vehicle                                  |              |                    |   |            |            |  |
|                                | Total  | Moving       | Nonmoving          | Total   | Moving     | Nonmoving  |  |
| Both sexes                     | Average number of persons injured in thousands |              |                    | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |            |            |  |
| All incomes                    | 4,770  | 2,890        | 1,881              | 2.7   | 1.6        | 1.1        |  |
| Under \$2,000 \$2,000-3,999    | 614<br>7 <b>7</b> 7                            | 358<br>367   | 256<br>410         | 2.5<br>2.2  | 1.5<br>1.1 | 1.1<br>1.2 |  |
| \$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+      | 1,947<br>1,285                                 | 1,337<br>734 | 610<br>5 <b>51</b> | 3.2<br>2.9  | 2.2<br>1.6 | 1.0<br>1.2 |  |
| Unknown                        | 147  | (*)          | (*)                | 1.4   | (*)        | (*)        |  |
| <u>Male</u>                    |  |              |                    |   |            |            |  |
| All incomes                    | 2,761  | 1,613        | 1,147              | 3.2   | 1.9        | 1.3        |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999 | 327<br>469                                     | 183<br>168   | 144<br>301         | 3.0<br>2.8  | 1.7<br>1.0 | 1.3<br>1.8 |  |
| 4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+        | 1,089<br>749                                   | 718<br>470   | 370<br>279         | 3.5<br>3.3  | 2.3<br>2.1 | 1,2<br>1,2 |  |
| Unknown                        | 127  | (*)          | (*)                | 2.5   | (*)        | (*)        |  |
| <u>Female</u>                  |  |              |                    |   | İ          |            |  |
| All incomes                    | 2,010  | 1,276        | 733                | 2.2   | 1.4        | 0.8        |  |
| Under \$2,000\$2,000-3,999     | 287<br>308                                     | 175<br>198   | 112<br>109         | 2.2<br>1.7  | 1.3        | 0.8        |  |
| \$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+      | 858<br>536                                     | 619<br>264   | 239<br>272         | 2.8<br>2.4  | 2.0<br>1.2 | 0.8        |  |
| Unknown                        | (*)  | (*)          | (*)                | (*)   | (*)        | (*)        |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 14. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and family income: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|   | Persons                                |  | Persons with:                          |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sex and family income                                       | injured in all motor vehicle accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries      | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries   | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries          |  |  |
| Both sexes  | Average n                              | umber of person                        | s injured in th                        | ousands                                |  |  |
| All incomes   | 4,770                                  | 4,272                                  | 2,991                                  | 1,416                                  |  |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+ | 614<br>777<br>1,947<br>1,285<br>147    | 504<br>726<br>1,684<br>1,210           | 421<br>555<br>1,122<br>812<br>(*)      | 242<br>319<br>521<br>293<br>(*)        |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All incomes   | 2,761                                  | 2,543                                  | 1,601                                  | 820                                    |  |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+ | 327<br>469<br>1,089<br>749<br>127      | 252<br>436<br>1,037<br>692<br>127      | 218<br>343<br>535<br>445<br>(*)        | 124<br>158<br>321<br>174<br>(*)        |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All incomes   | 2,010                                  | 1,728                                  | 1,390                                  | 596                                    |  |  |
| Under \$2,000   | 287<br>308<br>858<br>536<br>(*)        | 253<br>290<br>647<br>518<br>(*)        | 203<br>213<br>587<br>367<br>(*)        | 117<br>161<br>200<br>118<br>(*)        |  |  |
| Both sexes  | Number of p                            | ersons injured p                       | per 100 populati                       | . ,                                    |  |  |
| All incomes   | 2.7                                    | 2.4                                    | 1.7                                    | 0.8                                    |  |  |
| Jnder \$2,000   | 2.5<br>2.2<br>3.2<br>2.9<br>1.4        | 2.1<br>2.1<br>2.7<br>2.7<br>1.4        | 1.7<br>1.6<br>1.8<br>1.8<br>(*)        | 1.0<br>0.9<br>0.8<br>0.7<br>(*)        |  |  |
| All incomes   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$2,000   | 3.0<br>2.8<br>3.5<br>3.3<br>2.5        | 3.0<br>2.3<br>2.6<br>3.4<br>3.1<br>2.5 | 1.9<br>2.0<br>2.1<br>1.7<br>2.0<br>(*) | 1.0<br>1.1<br>1.0<br>1.0<br>0.8<br>(*) |  |  |
| Female  |  |  | `                                      | (")                                    |  |  |
| All incomes   | 2,2                                    | 1.9                                    | 1.5                                    | 0.7                                    |  |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+ | 2.2<br>1.7<br>2.8<br>2.4<br>(*)        | 1.9<br>1.6<br>2.1<br>2.3<br>(*)        | 1.5<br>1.2<br>1.9<br>1.6<br>(*)        | 0.7<br>0.9<br>0.9<br>0.6<br>0.5<br>(*) |  |  |

 $<sup>{</sup>m I}_{
m Include 4}$  only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 15. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and family income: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| _                              | Persons                                   |                                   | Persons with:                        |                                 |  |  |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Sex and family income          | injured in moving motor vehicle accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries   |  |  |
| Both sexes                     | Average                                   | number of perso                   | ns injured in t                      | housands                        |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 2,890                                     | 2,680                             | 2,041                                | 1,211                           |  |  |
| Under \$2,000                  | 358<br>367<br>1,337<br>734<br>(*)         | 317<br>334<br>1,259<br>677<br>(*) | 272<br>330<br>802<br>578<br>(*)      | 206<br>243<br>481<br>261<br>(*) |  |  |
| Male                           |   | ļ.                                |                                      |                                 |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 1,613                                     | 1,448                             | 1,169                                | 666                             |  |  |
| Under \$2,000                  | 183<br>168<br>718<br>470<br>(*)           | 142<br>135<br>684<br>413<br>(*)   | 148<br>152<br>437<br>395<br>(*)      | 105<br>(*)<br>300<br>159<br>(*) |  |  |
| Female                         |   |                                   |                                      |                                 |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 1,276                                     | 1,233                             | 872                                  | 545                             |  |  |
| Under \$2,000                  | 175<br>198<br>619<br>264<br>(*)           | 175<br>198<br>575<br>264<br>(*)   | 124<br>178<br>365<br>183<br>(*)      | 101<br>161<br>181<br>102<br>(*) |  |  |
| Both sexes                     | Number of po                              | ersons injured                    | per 100 populat                      | ion per year                    |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 1.6                                       | 1.5                               | 1.2                                  | 0.7                             |  |  |
| Under \$2,000                  | 1.5<br>1.1<br>2.2<br>1.6<br>(*)           | 1.3<br>1.0<br>2.0<br>1.5<br>(*)   | 1.1<br>0.9<br>1.3<br>1.3<br>(*)      | 0.9<br>0.7<br>0.8<br>0.6<br>(*) |  |  |
| Male                           |   |                                   |                                      |                                 |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 1.9                                       | 1.7                               | 1.4                                  | 0.8                             |  |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999 | 1.7<br>1.0<br>2.3<br>2.1<br>(*)           | 1.3<br>0.8<br>2.2<br>1.8<br>(*)   | 1.4<br>0.9<br>1.4<br>1.8<br>(*)      | 1.0<br>(*)<br>1.0<br>0.7<br>(*) |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                  |   |                                   |                                      |                                 |  |  |
| All incomes                    | 1.4                                       | 1,4                               | 1.0                                  | 0,6                             |  |  |
| Under \$2,000                  | 1.3<br>1.1<br>2.0<br>1.2<br>(*)           | 1.3<br>1.1<br>1.9<br>1.2<br>(*)   | 0.9<br>1.0<br>1.2<br>0.8<br>(*)      | 0.8<br>0.9<br>0.6<br>0.5<br>(*) |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 16. Average annual number of disability days due to all motor vehicle and moving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days per 100 population, by sex and family income: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

| on the reliabilit  | y of the estimates a                          | are given in Appen                        | dıx I Definition                          | is of terms are give                          | n in Appendix [[]                         |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
|  | All moto                                      | r vehicle ac                              | cidents                                   | Moving motor vehicle accidents                |   |  |  |
| Sex and family income  | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days               | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup>        | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days               | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup>             |  |
| Both sexes   |   | Average numb                              | er of disab                               | ility days in                                 | thousands                                 |  |  |
| All incomes  | 101,681                                       | 29,193                                    | 21,189                                    | 86,575  | 25,724                                    | 16,861   |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+<br>Unknown | 21,645<br>23,123<br>31,613<br>20,238<br>5,063 | 6,444<br>8,442<br>8,615<br>4,463<br>1,229 | 3,196<br>3,418<br>7,153<br>5,738<br>1,685 | 19,248<br>18,255<br>27,156<br>17,690<br>4,227 | 5,919<br>6,770<br>7,945<br>4,070<br>1,020 | 2,199<br>2,204<br>5,907<br>5,205<br>1,347      |  |
| <u>Male</u>  |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| All incomes  | 52,086  | 16,362                                    | 15,394                                    | 42,485  | 14,191                                    | 11,537   |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+<br>Unknown | 13,521<br>11,854<br>14,650<br>9,941<br>2,120  | 3,411<br>4,918<br>4,982<br>2,372<br>680   | 2,296<br>2,663<br>4,606<br>4,484<br>1,346 | 11,654<br>8,677<br>12,054<br>8,480<br>1,620   | 3,013<br>3,944<br>4,668<br>2,094<br>471   | 1,298<br>1,740<br>3,445<br>4,046<br>1,008      |  |
| <u>Female</u>  |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| All incomes  | 49,595  | 12,830                                    | 5,795                                     | 44,090  | 11,533                                    | 5,324  |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+            | 8,124<br>11,269<br>16,962<br>10,297<br>2,943  | 3,034<br>3,524<br>3,633<br>2,091<br>549   | 900<br>755<br>2,546<br>1,254<br>339       | 7,594<br>9,578<br>15,102<br>9,209<br>2,607    | 2,906<br>2,825<br>3,277<br>1,976<br>549   | 900<br>463<br>2,462<br>1,160<br>339            |  |
| Both sexes   | Num   | ber of disab                              | ility days                                | per 100 popula                                | ation per yea                             | ar   |  |
| All incomes  | 57.7  | 16.6                                      | 31.7                                      | 49.1  | 14.6                                      | 25.3   |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+            | 89.7<br>66.4<br>51.2<br>45.2<br>47.1          | 26.7<br>24.2<br>13.9<br>10.0<br>11.4      | 45.5<br>27.7<br>30.2<br>29.3<br>40.3      | 79.7<br>52.4<br>44.0<br>39.5<br>39.3          | 24.5<br>19.4<br>12.9<br>9.1<br>9.5        | 31.3<br>17.9<br>25.0<br>26.6<br>32.2           |  |
| <u>Male</u>  |   | •   |   |   |   |  |  |
| All incomes  | 60.7  | 19.1                                      | 34.8                                      | 49.5  | 16.5                                      | 26.1   |  |
| Under \$2,000<br>\$2,000-3,999<br>\$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+            | 123.9<br>71.4<br>47.6<br>44.4<br>41.6         | 31.3<br>29.6<br>16.2<br>10.6<br>13.4      | 57.6<br>34.1<br>28.0<br>33.9<br>47.9      | 106.8<br>52.2<br>39.2<br>37.9<br>31.8         | 27.6<br>23.7<br>15.2<br>9.4<br>9.3        | 32.6<br>22.3<br>21.0<br>30.6<br>35.9           |  |
| <u>Female</u>  |   |   |   |   |   | 33.7   |  |
| All incomes  | 54.8  | 14.2                                      | 25.8                                      | 48.7  | 12.7                                      | 23.7   |  |
| Under \$2,000  | 61.4<br>61.8<br>54.7<br>45.9<br>52.0          | 22.9<br>19.3<br>11.7<br>9.3<br>9.7        | 29.6<br>16.7<br>35.2<br>19.8<br>24.7      | 57.4<br>52.6<br>48.7<br>41.1<br>46.1          | 22.0<br>15.5<br>10.6<br>8.8<br>9.7        | 29 . 6<br>10 . 2<br>34 . 0<br>18 . 4<br>24 . 7 |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For currently employed persons 17 or more years of age

Table 17. Average annual number of persons injured in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.]

|   |   |                         |             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                 |            |            |
|---|---|-------------------------|-------------|---|------------|------------|
| Sex and usual activity status               | Persons injured in motor vehicle accidents  Motor vehicle |                         |             |   |            |            |
| Sex and updat decayably bostons             | Total   | Moving                  | Nonmoving   | Total   | Moving     | Nonmoving  |
| Both sexes                                  |   | ge number<br>ured in th |             | Number of persons injured per 100 population per year |            |            |
| All activities                              | 4,770   | 2,890                   | 1,881       | 2.7   | 1.6        | 1.1        |
| Preschool and school age<br>Usually working | 1,302<br>2,197  | 648<br>1,319            | 654<br>878  | 2.1<br>3.6  | 1.0<br>2.1 | 1.1<br>1.4 |
| Keeping house                               | 812<br>78   | 594<br>38               | 218<br>40   | 2.2<br>1.3  | 1.6<br>0.6 | 0.6<br>0.6 |
| Other                                       | 382   | 291                     | (*)         | 3.9   | 3.0        | (*)        |
| <u>Male</u>                                 |   |                         |             | i   |            |            |
| All activities                              | 2,761   | 1,613                   | 1,147       | 3.2   | 1.9        | 1.3        |
| Preschool and school age<br>Usually working | 765<br>1,699  | 386<br>985              | 379<br>715  | 2.4<br>4.0  | 1.2<br>2.3 | 1.2<br>1.7 |
| Keeping houseRetired                        | (*)   | (*)                     | (*)         | <br>(*)   | (*)        | (*)        |
| Othernandanananananan                       | 259   | 205                     | (*)         | 4.1   | 3.3        | (*)        |
| Female                                      |   |                         |             |   |            | i          |
| All activities                              | 2,010   | 1,276                   | 733         | 2.2   | 1,4        | 0.8        |
| Preschool and school age Usually working    | 537<br>498  | 262<br>334              | 275<br>163  | 1.8<br>2.6  | 0.9<br>1.8 | 0.9        |
| Keeping houseRetired                        | 812<br>(*)  | 594<br>(*)              | 21.8<br>(*) | 2,2<br>(*)  | 1.6 (*)    | 0.6        |
| Other                                       | 123   | (*)                     | (*)         | 3.4   | (*)        | (*)        |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 18. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| Sex and usual activity status   all motor   vehicle   accidents   latenticity   late   |                               | Persons<br>injured in | Persons with:    |                                       |            |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| All activities   | Sex and usual activity status | all motor<br>vehicle  | attended         | restricting                           | disabling  |  |  |
| Preschool and school age   | Both sexes                    | Average               | number of person | ns injured in t                       | housands   |  |  |
| Usually working   2,197  | All activities                | 4,770                 | 4,272            | 2,991                                 | 1,41       |  |  |
| Usually working  | Preschool and school age      | 1,302                 | 1,175            | 604                                   | 29         |  |  |
| Refired  |                               |                       |                  | 1,517                                 | 85         |  |  |
| Male   |                               | 812                   | 714 (            |                                       | 18         |  |  |
| Male   |                               | f                     |                  |                                       | 1.5        |  |  |
| All activities 2,761 2,543 1,601  Preschool and school age 765 714 346  Usually working 1,699 1,587 1,071  Reeping house 1,699 224 146  Female  All activities 2,010 1,728 1,390  Preschool and school age 537 461 257  Usually working 498 409 445  Reeping house 812 714 577  Retired 6,9 1,9 1,9 1,0  Both sexes Number of persons injured per 100 population per year 11 1,9 1,0  Preschool and school age 2,1 1,9 1,6  Reified 1,3 0,7 1,3  Steeling house 2,2 1,9 1,6  Retired 3,9 3,5 2,2  Male  All activities 3,9 3,5 2,2  Male  All activities 3,9 3,7 2,5  Retired 1,3 0,7 1,3  All activities 3,9 3,5 2,2  Male  All activities 3,9 3,7 2,5  Retired 1,3 0,7 1,3  All activities 3,9 3,5 2,2  Male  All activities 3,2 3,0 1,9  Preschool and school age 2,4 2,3 1,1  Retired 1,3 0,7 2,5  Retired 1,3 0,7 2,5  Retired 1,3 0,7 2,5  Retired 1,3 0,7 1,3  All activities 3,2 3,0 1,9  Preschool and school age 2,4 2,3 1,1  Retired 1,0 3,6 2,3  Female  All activities 2,2 1,9 1,5  Reschool and school age 3,2 2,2  Replage 4,0 2,3  Retired 1,0 3,6 2,3  Female  All activities 2,2 1,9 1,5  Reschool and school age 3,2 2,2  Reschool and school age 3,2 2,4 3,2 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0 3,0  |                               | 382                   | 347              | 215                                   | (*)        |  |  |
| Preschool and school age 765 714 346  Usually working 1,699 1,587 1,071  Reeping house 1,699 1,587 1,071  Retired 1,699 1,597 1,071  Retired 1,699 1,587 1,0 | <u>Male</u>                   | ]                     | ļ                | }                                     |            |  |  |
| Usually working  | All activities                | 2,761                 | 2,543            | 1,601                                 | 820        |  |  |
| Usually working  | Preschool and school age      | 765                   | 714              | 366                                   | 196        |  |  |
| Keeping house  |                               |                       |                  |                                       | 587        |  |  |
| (*)    |                               | 1 ' 1                 | · 1              | - 1                                   | •••        |  |  |
| Female   |                               | (*)                   |                  |                                       | (*)        |  |  |
| All activities   | ocuet                         | 259                   | 224              | 146                                   | (*)        |  |  |
| Preschool and school age— 537 461 257  Usually working— 498 400 445  Rectired— (**) (**) (**)  Both sexes  All activities— 2.7 2.4 1.7  Preschool and school age— 2.1 1.9 1.0  Steeping house— 3.6 3.2 2.5  Retired— 1.3 0.7 1.3  3.9 3.5 2.2  Male  All activities— 3.2 3.0 1.9  Preschool and school age— 2.4 2.3 1.1  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Preschool and school age— 2.4 2.3 1.1  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Retired— (**) (**) (**)  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Receping house— 4.0 3.6 2.3  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Receping house— 4.0 3.6 2.3  Receping house— 4.0 3.6 2.3  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Receping house— 4.0 3.6 2.3  Receping house— 4.0 3.7 2.5  Receping house— 5.0 8   | <u>Female</u>                 | [ [                   | ĺ                | ĺ                                     |            |  |  |
| Usually working  | All activities                | 2,010                 | 1,728            | 1,390                                 | 596        |  |  |
| Usually working  | Preschool and school age      | 522                   |                  |                                       |            |  |  |
| Number of persons injured per 100 population per year  | Usually working               |                       | - 1              |                                       | 99         |  |  |
| Number of persons injured per 100 population per year  | Keeping house                 | 1 (                   |                  |                                       | 264        |  |  |
| Both sexes   Number of persons injured per 100 population per year   | Retired                       |                       |                  |                                       | 182        |  |  |
| Number of persons injured per 100 population per year   All activities   2.7   2.4   1.7   | Other                         |                       |                  |                                       | (*)<br>(*) |  |  |
| All activities - 2.7   | Both sexes                    | Number of pe          | ersons injured p |                                       | . ,        |  |  |
| Preschool and school age   | All activities                | <b>\$</b>             |                  |                                       |            |  |  |
| Sually working   | Personal control of           |                       | 2.4              | 1.7                                   | 0.8        |  |  |
| Skeeping house   | rieschool and school age      |                       | 1.9              | 1.0                                   | 0.5        |  |  |
| Retired 2.2 1.9 1.6 1.3 3.9 3.5 2.2  | Reening house                 |                       | 3,2              |                                       | 1.4        |  |  |
| Male  All activities   | Retired                       |                       | 1.9              | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 0.5        |  |  |
| Male  All activities   |                               |                       |                  | 1.3                                   | 0.3        |  |  |
| All activities   |                               | 3.9                   | 3.5              | 2,2                                   | (*)        |  |  |
| Preschool and school age   | Male                          |                       | ĺ                | }                                     |            |  |  |
| Preschool and school age   | All activities                | 3.2                   | 3.0              | 1.9                                   | 1.0        |  |  |
| Sually working   | Preschool and school age      | ٦, ١                  |                  |                                       |            |  |  |
| Case      | Jsually working               |                       |                  | 1.1                                   | 0.6        |  |  |
| (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)  | Reeping house                 | i                     |                  | 2.5                                   | 1.4        |  |  |
| Female  All activities   | letired                       |                       |                  |                                       | • • •      |  |  |
| Female  All activities   | ther                          |                       |                  |                                       | (*)        |  |  |
| reschool and school age  | Female                        |                       | 3.0 }            | 2,3                                   | (*)        |  |  |
| reschool and school age  | All activities                | 2 2                   |                  | {                                     |            |  |  |
| sually working   | respherit                     |                       | 1.9              | 1,5                                   | 0.7        |  |  |
| 2.6 2.2 2.4 2.4 2.2 1.9 1.6  | reschool and school age       | 1.8                   | 1.5              | ام                                    | ^ ^        |  |  |
| etired   | eening house                  |                       |                  |                                       | 0.3        |  |  |
| (4)  | etired                        |                       |                  |                                       | 1.4<br>0.5 |  |  |
| CDer (*) (*)   | ther                          | (*)<br>3.4            | (*)<br>3.4       | (*)                                   | (*)<br>(*) |  |  |

Table 19. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries<sup>1</sup> due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|  | Persons<br>Injured in                |                                   | Persons with:                        |                                 |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Sex and usual activity status  | moving motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries   |
| Both sexes   | Average 1                            | number of perso                   | ns injured in tl                     | nousands                        |
| All activities   | 2,890                                | 2,680                             | 2,041                                | 1,211                           |
| Preschool and school age   | 648<br>1,319<br>594<br>38<br>291     | 614<br>1,225<br>550<br>18<br>274  | 325<br>1,103<br>431<br>38<br>143     | 207<br>734<br>182<br>18<br>(*)  |
| Male   |                                      |                                   |                                      |                                 |
| All activities   | 1,613                                | 1,448                             | 1,169                                | 666                             |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other | 386<br>985<br>(*)<br>205             | 351<br>890<br>(*)<br>188          | 236<br>804<br>(*)<br>(*)             | 141<br>489<br><br>(*)<br>(*)    |
| Female   | 203                                  | 100                               | (,                                   | ()                              |
| All activities   | 1,276                                | 1,233                             | 872                                  | 545                             |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other | 262<br>334<br>594<br>(*)<br>(*)      | 262<br>334<br>550<br>(*)          | (*)<br>299<br>431<br>(*)<br>(*)      | (*)<br>245<br>182<br>(*)<br>(*) |
| Both sexes   | Number of po                         | ersons injured                    | per 100 populati                     | Lon per year                    |
| All activities   | 1.6                                  | 1,5                               | 1.2                                  | 0.7                             |
| Preschool and school age   | 1.0<br>2.1<br>1.6<br>0.6<br>3.0      | 1.0<br>2.0<br>1.5<br>0.3<br>2.8   | 0.5<br>1.8<br>1.2<br>0.6<br>1.5      | 0.3<br>1.2<br>0.5<br>0.3<br>(*) |
| Male   |                                      |                                   |                                      |                                 |
| All activities   | 1.9                                  | 1.7                               | 1.4                                  | 0.8                             |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other | 1.2<br>2.3<br>(*)<br>3.3             | 1.1<br>2.1<br>(*)<br>3.0          | 0.7<br>1.9<br><br>(*)<br>(*)         | 0.4<br>1.1<br>(*)<br>(*)        |
| Female   |                                      |                                   |                                      |                                 |
| All activities   | 1.4                                  | 1.4                               | 1.0                                  | 0.6                             |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other | 0.9<br>1.8<br>1.6<br>(*)             | 0.9<br>1.8<br>1.5<br>(*)          | (*)<br>1.6<br>1.2<br>(*)             | (*)<br>1.3<br>0.5<br>(*)<br>(*) |

1 Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 20. Average annual number of disability days due to all motor vehicle and moving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days per 100 population per year, by sex and usual activity status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

| of the estimates a  | re given in Appendi                          | ( ), Dennitiona of                         | terms and Brief                    | [  | ······································     |                           |
|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|
|   | All motor                                    | vehicle acc                                | ele accidents Moving motor vehicl  |  |  | ccidents                  |
| Sex and usual activity status   | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days              | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                 | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup> | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days              | Bed-<br>disability<br>days                 | Work-<br>loss<br>days 1   |
| Both sexes  |  | Average numb                               | er of disab                        | ility days in                                | thousands                                  |                           |
| All activities  | 101,681                                      | 29,193                                     | 21,189                             | 86,575                                       | 25,724                                     | 16,86                     |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other      | 7,886<br>44,900<br>26,504<br>8,149<br>14,242 | 2,760<br>13,178<br>5,521<br>2,600<br>5,134 | 19,004<br>371<br>126<br>1,688      | 6,740<br>36,178<br>24,377<br>7,056<br>12,224 | 2,600<br>10,958<br>5,208<br>2,317<br>4,641 | 15,10<br>37<br>(*<br>1,38 |
| <u>Male</u>   |  |  |                                    |  |  |                           |
| All activities  | 52,086                                       | 16,362                                     | 15,394                             | 42,485                                       | 14,191                                     | 11,53                     |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other      | 5,392<br>31,275<br><br>6,881<br>8,538        | 1,908<br>9,035<br><br>2,253<br>3,167       | 14,362<br><br>126<br>906           | 4,694<br>24,517<br><br>6,065<br>7,209        | 1,797<br>7,308<br><br>2,007<br>3,078       | 10,93<br>(*<br>60         |
| <u>Female</u>   |  |  |                                    |  |  |                           |
| All activities  | 49,595                                       | 12,830                                     | 5,795                              | 44,090                                       | 11,533                                     | 5,32                      |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Ratired Other      | 2,494<br>13,625<br>26,504<br>1,268<br>5,703  | 852<br>4,143<br>5,521<br>347<br>1,967      | 4,642<br>371<br>(*)<br>782         | 2,045<br>11,661<br>24,377<br>991<br>5,015    | 802<br>3,650<br>5,208<br>310<br>1,563      | 4,17<br>37<br>(*<br>78    |
| Both sexes  | Nun  | ber of disab                               | ility days                         | per 100 popul                                | ation per ye.                              | ar                        |
| All activities  | 57.7   | 16.6                                       | 31.7                               | 49.1   | 14.6                                       | 25.                       |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other Male | 12.7<br>72.8<br>72.3<br>131.5<br>144.6       | 4.5<br>21.4<br>15.1<br>42.0<br>52.1        | 32.3<br>9.0<br>28.5<br>49.4        | 10.9<br>58.6<br>66.5<br>113.9<br>124.1       | 4.2<br>17.8<br>14.2<br>37.4<br>47.1        | 25.<br>9.<br>(*<br>40.    |
| All activities  | 60.7   | 19.1                                       | 34.8                               | 49.5   | 16.5                                       | 26.                       |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired            | 17.1<br>73.0<br><br>134.7<br>136.3           | 6.0<br>21.1<br><br>44.1<br>50.6            | 34.7<br>31.4<br>36.8               | 14.9<br>57.2<br><br>118.7<br>115.1           | 5.7<br>17.1<br><br>39.3<br>49.1            | 26.<br><br>(*<br>24.      |
| <u>Female</u>   |  |  |                                    |  |  |                           |
| All activities  | 54.8   | 14.2                                       | 25.8                               | 48.7   | 12.7                                       | 23.                       |
| Preschool and school age Usually working Keeping house Retired Other      | 8.2<br>72.3<br>72.3<br>116.7<br>159.1        | 2.8<br>22.0<br>15.1<br>31.9<br>54.9        | 26.7<br>9.0<br>(*)<br>82.1         | 6.7<br>61.9<br>66.5<br>91.2<br>140.0         | 2.6<br>19.4<br>14.2<br>28.5<br>43.6        | 24.<br>9.<br>(*<br>82.    |

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mbox{For currently employed persons 17 or more years of age.}$ 

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Table 21. Average annual number of persons injured <sup>1</sup> in moving and nonmoving motor vehicle accidents, and number of persons injured per 100 population per year, by sex and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                                      | Persons injured in motor vehicle accidents |                            |                          |                          |                          |                          |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sex and marital status               |  |                            | Motor v                  | ehicle                   |                          |                          |
|                                      | Total                                      | Moving                     | Nonmoving                | Total                    | Moving                   | Nonmoving                |
| Both sexes                           |  | ge number<br>ured in th    |                          |                          | of persons<br>100 popula | injured per<br>tion      |
| All marital status                   | 4,770                                      | 2,890                      | 1,881                    | 2.7                      | 1.6                      | 1.1                      |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 1,302<br>2,439<br>657<br>372               | 648<br>1,517<br>510<br>215 | 654<br>922<br>147<br>158 | 2.1<br>3.0<br>3.8<br>2.5 | 1.0<br>1.8<br>2.9<br>1.5 | 1.1<br>1.1<br>0.8<br>1.1 |
| <u>Male</u>                          |  |                            |                          |                          | į                        |                          |
| All marital status                   | 2,761                                      | 1,613                      | 1,147                    | 3.2                      | 1.9                      | 1.3                      |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 765<br>1,406<br>467<br>123                 | 386<br>774<br>360<br>(*)   | 379<br>631<br>107<br>(*) | 2.4<br>3.4<br>4.9<br>3.3 | 1.2<br>1.9<br>3.8<br>(*) | 1.2<br>1.5<br>1.1<br>(*) |
| <u>Female</u>                        |  |                            |                          | :                        |                          |                          |
| All marital status                   | 2,010                                      | 1,276                      | 733                      | 2.2                      | 1.4                      | 0.8                      |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 537<br>1,033<br>189<br>250                 | 262<br>743<br>150<br>122   | 275<br>291<br>(*)<br>128 | 1.8<br>2.5<br>2.4<br>2.3 | 0.9<br>1.8<br>1.9<br>1.1 | 0.9<br>0.7<br>(*)<br>1.2 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 22. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to all motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| Sex and marital status               | Persons  | Persons with:                     |                                      |                               |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|                                      | injured in<br>all motor<br>vehicle<br>accident | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries |  |  |
| Both sexes                           | Average  | number of perso                   | ns injured in tl                     | nousands                      |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 4,770  | 4,272                             | 2,991                                | 1,416                         |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 1,302<br>2,439<br>657<br>372                   | 1,175<br>2,236<br>616<br>245      | 604<br>1,752<br>365<br>270           | 295<br>854<br>163<br>105      |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>                          |  |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 2,761  | 2,543                             | 1,601                                | 820                           |  |  |
| Under 17                             | 765<br>1,406<br>467<br>123                     | 714<br>1,319<br>427<br>(*)        | 346<br>926<br>253<br>(*)             | 196<br>490<br>112<br>(*)      |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                        |  |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 2,010  | 1,728                             | 1,390                                | 596                           |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 537<br>1,033<br>189<br>250                     | 461<br>917<br>189<br>161          | 257<br>826<br>112<br>194             | (*)<br>364<br>(*)<br>(*)      |  |  |
| Both sexes                           | Number of                                      | persons injured                   | per 100 persons                      | s per year                    |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 2.7  | 2.4                               | 1.7                                  | 0.8                           |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 2.1<br>3.0<br>3.8<br>2.5                       | 1.9<br>2.7<br>3.6<br>1.7          | 1.0<br>2.1<br>2.1<br>1.8             | 0.5<br>1.0<br>0.9<br>0.7      |  |  |
| <u>Male</u>                          |  |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 3.2  | 3.0                               | 1.9                                  | 1.0                           |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 2.4<br>3.4<br>4.9<br>3.3                       | 2.3<br>3.2<br>4.5<br>(*)          | 1.1<br>2.3<br>2.6<br>(*)             | 0.6<br>1.2<br>1.2<br>(*)      |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>                        |  |                                   |                                      |                               |  |  |
| All marital status                   | 2.2  | 1.9                               | 1.5                                  | 0.7                           |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 1.8<br>2.5<br>2.4<br>2.3                       | 1.5<br>2.2<br>2.4<br>1.5          | 0.8<br>2.0<br>1.4<br>1.8             | (*)<br>0.9<br>(*)<br>(*)      |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention.

Table 23. Average annual number of persons with medically attended, activity-restricting, and bed-disabling injuries due to moving motor vehicle accidents, and number per 100 population per year, by sex and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| on the reliability of the estimates  | Persons  | ·                                 | Persons with:                        |                               |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Sex and marital status               | injured in<br>moving motor<br>vehicle<br>accidents | Medically<br>attended<br>injuries | Activity-<br>restricting<br>injuries | Bed-<br>disabling<br>injuries |
| Both sexes                           | Average  | number of perso                   | ns injured in th                     | nousands                      |
| All marital status                   | 2,890  | 2,680                             | 2,041                                | 1,211                         |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 648<br>1,517<br>510<br>215                         | 614<br>1,422<br>469<br>176        | 325<br>1,230<br>327<br>159           | 207<br>737<br>163<br>105      |
| <u>Male</u>                          |  |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All marital status                   | 1,613  | 1,448                             | 1,169                                | 666                           |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 386<br>774<br>360<br>(*)                           | 351<br>723<br>320<br>(*)          | 236<br>622<br>236<br>(*)             | 141<br>391<br>112<br>(*)      |
| <u>Female</u>                        |  |                                   |                                      |                               |
| All marital status                   | 1,276  | 1,233                             | 872                                  | 545                           |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 262<br>743<br>150<br>122                           | 262<br>699<br>150<br>122          | (*)<br>607<br>(*)<br>(*)             | (*)<br>346<br>(*)<br>(*)      |
| Both sexes                           | Number of  | persons injured                   | per 100 person                       | s per year                    |
| All marital status                   | 1.6  | 1.5                               | 1.2                                  | 0.7                           |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 1.0<br>1.8<br>2.9<br>1.5                           | 1.0<br>1.7<br>2.7<br>1.2          | 0.5<br>1.5<br>1.9<br>1.1             | 0.3<br>0.9<br>0.9<br>0.7      |
| <u>Male</u>                          |  |                                   |                                      | l                             |
| All marital status                   | 1.9  | 1.7                               | 1.4                                  | 0.8                           |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 1.2<br>1.9<br>3.8<br>(*)                           | 1.1<br>1.8<br>3.4<br>(*)          | 0.7<br>1.5<br>2.5<br>(*)             | 0.4<br>1.0<br>1.2<br>(*)      |
| Female                               |  | :                                 |                                      |                               |
| All marital status                   | 1.4  | 1.4                               | 1.0                                  | 0.6                           |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other | 0.9<br>1.8<br>1.9<br>1.1                           | 0.9<br>1.7<br>1.9<br>1.1          | (*)<br>1.5<br>(*)<br>(*)             | (*)<br>0.8<br>(*)<br>(*)      |

<sup>1</sup> Includes only persons with injuries involving one or more days of restricted activity, or medical attention

Table 24. Average annual number of disability days due to all motor vehicle and moving motor vehicle accidents, and number of disability days per 100 population per year, by sex and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II.

| on the tenantity of the                       | astimates are given                 | In Appendix I. D                   | emmaona ot                         | tenns me given m                   |                                   |                                    |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|   | All motor                           | All motor vehicle accidents Moving |                                    |                                    |                                   | Moving motor vehicle accidents     |  |  |  |
| Sex and marital status                        | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days     | Bed-<br>disability<br>days         | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup> | Restricted-<br>activity<br>days    | Bed-<br>disability<br>days        | Work-<br>loss<br>days <sup>1</sup> |  |  |  |
| Both sexes                                    | Ave                                 | rage number                        | of disab                           | ility days in                      | thousands                         |                                    |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 101,681                             | 29,193                             | 21,189                             | 86,575                             | 25,724                            | 16,861                             |  |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other  Male    | 7,886<br>66,480<br>10,455<br>16,861 | 2,760<br>17,865<br>3,190<br>5,378  | 16,864<br>2,056<br>2,270           | 6,740<br>56,000<br>9,553<br>14,283 | 2,600<br>15,255<br>3,190<br>4,679 | 12,892<br>2,056<br>1,914           |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 52,086                              | 16,362                             | 15,394                             | 42,485                             | 14,191                            | 11,537                             |  |  |  |
| Under 17<br>Married<br>Never married<br>Other | 5,392<br>32,696<br>7,068<br>6,930   | 1,908<br>10,163<br>2,504<br>1,787  | 12,875<br>1,548<br>971             | 4,694<br>25,419<br>6,517<br>5,855  | 1,797<br>8,102<br>2,504<br>1,787  | 9,259<br>1,548<br>730              |  |  |  |
| Female  |                                     |                                    |                                    |                                    |                                   |                                    |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 49,595                              | 12,830                             | 5,795                              | 44,090                             | 11,533                            | 5,324                              |  |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other          | 2,494<br>33,784<br>3,387<br>9,930   | 686                                | 3,989<br>508<br>1,298              | 2,045<br>30,581<br>3,036<br>8,428  | 802<br>7,153<br>686<br>2,892      | 3,633<br>508<br>1,184              |  |  |  |
| Both sexes                                    | Number                              | of disabili                        | ty days.                           | per 100 popul                      | ation per ye                      | ar                                 |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 57.7                                | 16.6                               | 31.7                               | 49.1                               | 14.6                              | 25.3                               |  |  |  |
| Under 17 Married Never married Other Male     | 12.7<br>80.7<br>60.3<br>114.7       | 4.5<br>21.7<br>18.4<br>36.6        | 34.4<br>18.4<br>34.7               | 10.9<br>68.0<br>55.1<br>97.1       | 4.2<br>18.5<br>18.4<br>31.8       | 26.3<br>18.4<br>29.3               |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 60.7                                | 19.1                               | 34.8                               | 49.5                               | 16.5                              | 26.1                               |  |  |  |
| Under 17<br>Married<br>Never married<br>Other | 17.1<br>79.9<br>74.0<br>185.0       | 6.0<br>24.8                        | 36.0<br>24.2<br>46.2               | 14.9<br>62.1<br>68.2<br>156.3      | 5.7<br>19.8<br>26.2<br>47.7       | 25.9<br>24.2<br>34.7               |  |  |  |
| Female  |                                     | !                                  |                                    |                                    |                                   |                                    |  |  |  |
| All marital status                            | 54.8                                | 14.2                               | 25.8                               | 48.7                               | 12.7                              | 23.7                               |  |  |  |
| Under 17<br>Married<br>Never married<br>Other | 8.2<br>81.5<br>43.5<br>90.6         | 2.8<br>18.6<br>8.8<br>32.8         | 30.0<br>10.7<br>29.2               | 6.7<br>73.8<br>39.0<br>76.9        | 2.6<br>17.3<br>8.8<br>26.4        | 27.3<br>10.7<br>26.7               |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> For currently employed persons 17 or more years of ago.

Table 25. Population used in obtaining rates shown in this publication, by sex, age, and residence: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on homoshold interviews of the civilian, nominatitational population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| The state of the s | The state of the s |                  |                  |                |  |  |  |
|--|--|------------------|------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
|  |  | Res              | idence           |                |  |  |  |
| Sex and age  | All<br>areas   | Urban            | Rural<br>nonfarm | Rural<br>farm  |  |  |  |
| Both sexes   |  | Population       | in thousands     |                |  |  |  |
| All ages   | 176,302  | 105,845          | 49,181           | 21,276         |  |  |  |
| Under 15   | 56,379<br>23,177   | 31,209<br>14,204 | 17,867<br>5,960  | 7,304<br>3,013 |  |  |  |
| 25-44  | 45,423<br>35,989   | 27,215<br>23,180 | 13,663<br>8,281  | 4,545<br>4,528 |  |  |  |
| 654  | 15,334   | 10,038           | 3,410            | 1,886          |  |  |  |
| Male   |  |                  |                  |                |  |  |  |
| All agea   | 85,776   | 50,534           | 24,267           | 10,975         |  |  |  |
| Under 15   | 28,754<br>11,015   | 15,865<br>6,625  | 9,112<br>2,805   | 3,777<br>1,586 |  |  |  |
| 25-44  | 21,747<br>17,361   | 12,946<br>10,805 | 6,574<br>4,177   | 2,227<br>2,379 |  |  |  |
| 65+  | 6,898  | 4,294            | 1,599            | 1,006          |  |  |  |
| <u>Female</u>  |  |                  |                  |                |  |  |  |
| All ages   | 90,526   | 55,311           | 24,913           | 10,302         |  |  |  |
| Under 15   | 27,625<br>12,162   | 15,344<br>7,579  | 8,754<br>3,155   | 3,527<br>1,428 |  |  |  |
| 25-44  | 23,676<br>18,628   | 14,270<br>12,375 | 7,089<br>4,104   | 2,318<br>2,149 |  |  |  |
| 65 +   | 8,436  | 5,744            | 1,811            | 880            |  |  |  |

NOTE: For official population entimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports: Series P.20, P 25, and P-60.

Table 26. Population used in obtaining rates shown in this publication, by geographic region, family income, usual activity status, and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

| Characteristic           | Both<br>sexes                                  | Male  | Female  |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
|                          | Popu   | lation in thouse                              | inds  |
| All persons              | 176,302  | 85,776  | 90,526  |
| Region                   |  |   |   |
| Northeast                | 45,691<br>50,629<br>53,194<br>26,789           | 22,052<br>25,079<br>25,623<br>13,022          | 23,639<br>25,549<br>27,571<br>13,767          |
| Family income            |  |   |   |
| Under \$2,000            | 24,139<br>34,835<br>61,775<br>44,803<br>10,750 | 10,915<br>16,611<br>30,773<br>22,386<br>5,091 | 13,224<br>18,224<br>31,001<br>22,417<br>5,660 |
| Usual activity status    | ļ  |   |   |
| Preschool and school age | 61,911<br>61,690<br>36,656<br>6,197<br>9,848   | 31,565<br>42,838<br>5,109<br>6,263            | 30,346<br>18,852<br>36,656<br>1,087<br>3,585  |
| Marital status           |  |   |   |
| Under 17                 | 61,911<br>82,349<br>17,339<br>14,703           | 31,565<br>40,916<br>9,549<br>3,745            | 30,346<br>41,432<br>7,790<br>10,958           |

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports: Series P-20, P-25, and P-60.

Table 27. Population for currently employed persons used in obtaining rates for work-loss days shown in this publication, by sex, age, and residence: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I. Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                | T               |                 | us are great it veheur |                |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------|
| Sex and age    |                 | Res             | idence                 |                |
| Sex and age    | All<br>areas    | Urban           | Rural<br>nonfarm       | Rural<br>farm  |
| Both sexes     |                 | Population      | in thousands           |                |
| All ages-17+   | 66,769          | 42,501          | 16,989                 | 7,278          |
| 17-24          | 9,827<br>29,971 | 6,390<br>18,375 | 2,254<br>8,785         | 1,183<br>2,810 |
| 45-64          | 23,753<br>3,219 | 15,621<br>2,115 | 5,358<br>592           | 2,774<br>511   |
| <u>Male</u>    |                 | 1               |                        |                |
| All ages-17+   | 44,272          | 26,928          | 11,779                 | 5, <b>5</b> 64 |
| 17-24          | 5,771<br>20,599 | 3,563<br>12,204 | 1,363<br>6,277         | 846<br>2,118   |
| 45-64          | 15,671<br>2,231 | 9,806<br>1,356  | 3,713<br>428           | 2,153<br>448   |
| <u>Female</u>  |                 |                 |                        |                |
| All ages-17+   | 22,497          | 15,573          | 5,210                  | 1,714          |
| 17-24<br>25-44 | 4,056<br>9,372  | 2,827<br>6,171  | 892<br>2,508           | 337<br>692     |
| 45-64          | 8,082<br>988    | 5,815<br>759    | 1,645<br>165           | 622<br>64      |

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Consus reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports, Series P-20, P-25, and P-60; and Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly report, Employment and Earnings.

Table 28. Population for currently employed persons used in obtaining rates for work-loss days shown in this publication, by geographic region, family income, usual activity status, and marital status: United States, July 1959-June 1961

[Data are based on household interviews of the civilian, noninstitutional population. The survey design, general qualifications, and information on the reliability of the estimates are given in Appendix I Definitions of terms are given in Appendix II]

|                                    | Both             |                   |                 |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Characteristic                     | sexes            | Male              | Female          |
|                                    | Por              | pulation in thous | ands            |
| All currently employed persons-17+ | 66,769           | 44,272            | 22,497          |
| Region                             |                  |                   |                 |
| Northeast                          | 18,222           | 11,868            | 6,354           |
| North Central                      | 19,042           | 13,150            | 5,892           |
| West                               | 19,459<br>10,046 | 12,620<br>6,633   | 6,839           |
| H40L                               | 10,040           | 0,033             | 3,413           |
| Family income                      |                  | }                 |                 |
| Under \$2,000                      | 7,023            | 3,984             | 3,039           |
| \$2,000-3,999                      | 12,343           | 7,817             | 4,526           |
| \$4,000-6,999<br>\$7,000+          | 23,669           | 16,427            | 7,242           |
| Unknown                            | 19,555<br>4,179  | 13,237            | 6,318           |
|                                    | 4,179            | 2,808             | 1,371           |
| Usual activity status              |                  |                   |                 |
| Usually working                    | 58,802           | 41,407            | 17,395          |
| Keeping house                      | 4,109            | 12,100            | 4,109           |
| Other-17+                          | 442              | 401               | 41              |
| Orugia 1/4                         | 3,416            | 2,464             | 953             |
| Marital status                     |                  |                   |                 |
| Married                            | 49,072           | 35,767            | 10.00           |
| Never married                      | 11,157           | 6,403             | 13,305<br>4,754 |
| Other-17+                          | 6,541            | 2,102             | 4,438           |
|                                    |                  |                   |                 |

NOTE: For official population estimates for more general use, see Bureau of the Census reports on the civilian population of the United States, in Current Population Reports, Series P-20, P-25, and P-60, and Bureau of Labor Statistics monthly report, Employment and Earnings.

### APPENDIX I

## TECHNICAL NOTES ON METHODS

## Background of This Report

This report, Persons Injured in Motor Vehicle Accidents, is one of a series of statistical reports prepared by the U. S. National Health Survey. It is based on information collected in a continuing nation-wide sample of households in the Health Interview Survey, a major aspect of the program.

The Health Interview Survey utilizes a questionnaire which, in addition to personal and demographic characteristics, obtains information on illnesses, injuries, chronic conditions and impairments, and other health topics. As data relating to each of these various broad topics are tabulated and analyzed, separate reports are issued which cover one or more of the specific topics. The present report is based on the consolidated sample for 104 weeks of interviewing ending June 1961.

The population covered by the sample for the Health Interview Survey is the civilian, noninstitutional population of the United States living at the time of the interview. The sample does not include members of the Armed Forces, U. S. nationals living in foreign countries, or crews of vessels. It should also be noted that the estimates shown do not represent a complete inventory of injuries for the specified calendar period since no adjustment has been made for persons who incurred injuries during the two-week-recall period but who died prior to the interview.

### Statistical Design of the Health Interview Survey

General plan.—The sampling plan of the survey follows a multistage probability design which permits a continuous sampling of the civilian population of the United States. The first stage of this design consists of drawing a sample of 500 from the 1,900 geographically defined Primary Sampling Units (PSU's) into which the United States has been divided. A PSU is a county, a group of contiguous counties, or a Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

With no loss in general understanding, the remaining stages can be telescoped and treated in this discussion as an ultimate stage. Within PSU's, then, ultimate stage units called segments are defined, also geographically, in such a manner that each segment contains an expected six households in the sample. Each week a random sample of about 120 segments is drawn, in the approximately 700 households in those segments, house-

hold members are interviewed concerning factors related to health.

Since the household members interviewed each week are a representative sample of the population, samples for successive weeks can be combined into larger samples. Thus the design permits both continuous measurement of characteristics of high incidence or prevalence in the population, and through the larger consolidated samples, more detailed analysis of less common characteristics and smaller categories. The continuous collection has administrative and operational advantages as well as technical assets, since it permits field work to be handled with an experienced, stable staff.

Sample size and geographic detail.—The national sample plan over the two-year period ending June 1961 included about 250,000 persons from 76,000 households. The over-all sample was designed in such a fashion that tabulations can be provided for each of the major geographic regions and for urban and rural sectors of the United States.

Collection of data.—The field operations for the household survey are performed by the Bureau of the Census under specifications established by the Public Health Service. In accordance with these specifications the Bureau of the Census designs and selects the sample; conducts the field interviewing, acting as the collecting agent for the Public Health Service; and edits and codes the questionnaires. Tabulations are prepared by the Public Health Service using the Bureau of the Census electronic computers.

Estimating methods.—Each statistic produced by the survey—for example, the number of persons in jured in a specified period—is the result of two stages of ratio estimation. In the first of these, the factor is the ratio of the 1950 decennial population count to the 1950 estimated population in the U.S. National Health Survey's first-stage sample of PSU's. These factors are applied for some 50 color-residence classes.

Later, ratios of sample-produced estimates of the population to official Bureau of the Census figures for current population in about 60 age-sex-color classes are computed, and serve as second-stage factors for ratio estimating.

The effect of the ratio estimating process is to make the sample more closely representative of the population by age, sex, color, and residence, thus reducing sampling variance.

As noted, each week's sample represents the population living during that week and characteristics of that population. Consolidation of samples over a time period, say a calendar quarter, produces estimates of average characteristics of the U. S. population for that calendar quarter. Similarly, population data for a year are averages of the four quarterly figures.

For statistics measuring the number of occurrences during a specified time period, such as the number of bed-disability days due to injuries, a similar computational procedure is used, but the statistics have a different interpretation. For these items, the questionnaire asks for the respondent's experience over the two calendar weeks prior to the week of interview. In such instances the estimated quarterly total for the statistic is simply 6.5 times the average twoweek estimate produced by the 13 successive samples taken during the period. The annual total is the sum of the four quarters. Thus, the experience of persons interviewed during a year-experience which actually occurred for each person in a two-calendar-week interval prior to week of interview-is treated as though it measured the total of such experience during the year. Such interpretation leads to no significant bias.

### General Qualifications

Nonresponse.—Data were adjusted for nonresponse by a procedure which imputes to persons in a household which was not interviewed the characteristics of persons in households in the same segment which were interviewed. The total noninterview rate was 5 percent; I percent was refusal, and the remainder was primarily due to the failure to find any eligible household respondent after repeated trials.

The interview process.—The statistics presented in this report are based on replies secured in interviews of persons in the sampled households. Each person 17 years of age and over, available at the time of interview, was interviewed individually. Proxy respondents within the household were employed for children and for adults not available at the time of the interview, provided the respondent was closely related to the person about whom information was being obtained.

There are limitations to the accuracy of diagnostic and other information collected in household interviews. For diagnostic information, the household respondent can, at best, pass on to the interviewer only the information the physician has given to the family. For conditions not medically attended, diagnostic information is often no more than a description of symptoms. However, other facts, such as the number of disability days caused by the condition, can be obtained more accurately from household members than from any other source since only the persons concerned are in a position to report this information.

Rounding of numbers.—The original tabulations on which the data in this report are based show all estimates to the nearest whole unit. All consolidations were made from the original tabulations using the estimates to the nearest unit. In the final published tables the figures are rounded to the nearest thousand, although these are not necessarily accurate to that detail, Devised statistics, such as rates and percent dis-

tributions, are computed after the estimates on which these are based have been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Population figures. - Some of the published tables include population figures for specified categories. Except for certain over-all totals by age and sex, which are adjusted to independent estimates, these figures are based on the sample of households in the U. S. National Health Survey. These are given primarily to provide denominators for rate computation, and for this purpose are more appropriate for use with the accompanying measures of health characteristics than are other population data that may be available. In some instances these will permit users to recombine published data into classes more suitable to their specific needs. With the exception of the over-all totals by age and sex, mentioned above, the population figures differ from corresponding figures (which are derived from different sources) published in reports of the Bureau of the Census. For population data for general use, see the official estimates presented in Bureau of the Census reports in the P-20, P-25, and P-60 series.

### Reliability of Estimates

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they will differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewing personnel and procedures. As in any survey, the results are also subject to measurement error.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, the variations that might occur by chance because only a sample of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also reflects part of the variation which arises in the measurement process. It does not include estimates of any biases which might lie in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2½ times as large.

The relative standard error of an estimate is obtained by dividing the standard error of the estimate by the estimate itself, and is expressed as a percentage of the estimate. Included in this Appendix are charts from which the relative standard errors can be determined for estimates shown in the report. In order to derive relative errors which would be applicable to a wide variety of health statistics and which could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the charts provide an estimate of the approximate relative standard error rather than the precise error for any specific aggregate or percentage.

Three classes of statistics for the health survey are identified for purposes of estimating variances.

Narrow range,—This class consists of (1) statistics which estimate a population attribute, e.g., the number of persons in a particular income group, and (2) statistics for which the measure for a single in-

dividual for the period of reference is usually either 0 or 1, on occasion may take on the value 2, and very rarely, 3.

Medium range.—This class consists of other statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference will rarely lie outside the range 0 to 5.

Wide range.—This class consists of statistics for which the measure for a single individual for the period of reference frequently will range from 0 to a number in excess of 5, e.g., the number of days of bed disability experienced during the year.

In addition to classifying variables according to whether they are narrow-, medium-, or wide-range, statistics in the survey are further defined as:

Type A.—Statistics on prevalence, and incidence data for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is 12 months.

Type B.—Incidence-type statistics for which the period of reference in the questionnaire is two weeks.

Only the charts on sampling error applicable to data contained in this report are presented.

General rules for determining relative sampling errors.—The "guide" on page 48, together with the following rules, will enable the reader to determine approximate relative standard errors from the charts for estimates presented in this report.

- Rule 1. Estimates of aggregates: Approximate relative standard errors of estimates of aggregates, such as the number of persons with a given characteristic, or the number of disability days due to injury are obtained from appropriate curves on page 49. The number of persons in the total U. S. population or in an age-sex class of the total population is adjusted to official Bureau of the Census figures and is not subject to sampling error.
- Rule 2. Estimates of percentages in a percent distribution; Relative standard errors of

percentages in a percent distribution of a total are obtained from appropriate curves on pages 50 and 51. For values which do not fall on one of the curves presented in the chart, visual interpolation will provide a satisfactory approximation.

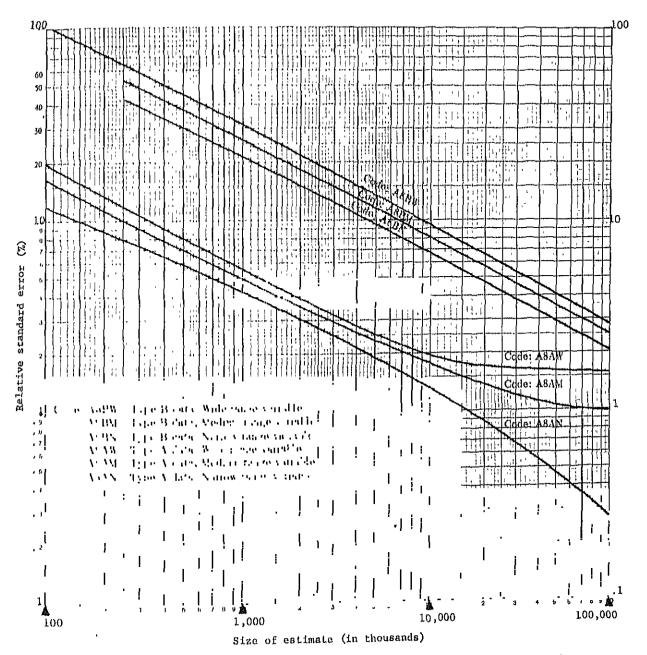
- Rule 3. Estimates of rates where the numerator is a subclass of the denominator: (Not required for statistics presented in this report.)
- Rule 4. Estimates of rates where the numerator is not a subclass of the denominator: This rule applies where a unit of the numerator often occurs more than once for any one unit in the denominator. For example, in computing the number of days of bed disability due to injury per 100 persons per year, several of the days included in the numerator could be assigned to a person (one unit) in the denominator. Approximate relative standard errors for rates of this kind may be computed as follows:
  - (a) Where the denominator is the total U. S. population, or includes all persons in one or more of the age-sex groups of the total population, the relative error of the rate is equivalent to the relative error of the numerator which can be obtained directly from the appropriate chart.
  - (b) In other cases, obtain the relative standard error of the numerator and of the denominator from the appropriate curve. Square each of these relative errors, add the resulting values, and extract the square root of the sum. This procedure will result in an upper bound, and often will overstate the error.

# Guide to Use of Relative Standard Error Charts

The code shown below identifies the appropriate curve to be used in estimating the relative standard error of the statistic described. The four components of each code describe the statistic as follows: (1)

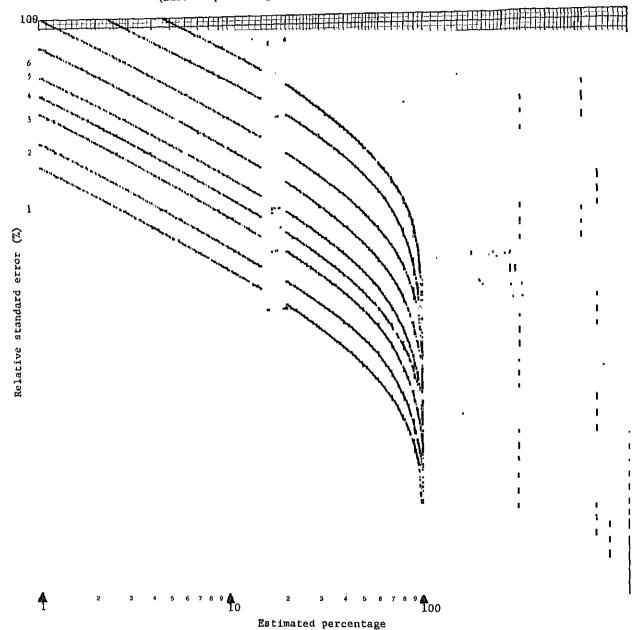
A = aggregate, P = percentage; (2) the number of calendar quarters of data collection; (3) the type of the statistic as described on page 47; and (4) the range of the statistic as described on pages 46 and 47.

|  |           |                              | <u>-</u> |
|--|-----------|------------------------------|----------|
| Object and a   |           | Use:                         |          |
| Statistic  | Rule      | Code on                      | page     |
| Number of. Persons in the U. S. population, or total persons in one or more age-sex categories                                     | Not subje | ct to sampling error         |          |
| Persons in any other population group  | 1         | A8AN                         | 49       |
| Disability days per year   | 1         | A8BW                         | 49       |
| Percentage distribution of: Persons injured in a year Disability days in a year  | 2 2       | P8BN-M                       | 50       |
| Rates for persons injured: Per 100 total U. S. population or per 100 persons in any age-sex group of the U. S. population          | 4(a)      | ASBN                         | 49       |
| Per 100 persons in any other population group  | 4(b)      | Numer.: A8BN<br>Denom.: A8AN | 40<br>49 |
| Number of disability days:  Per 100 total U. S. population or per 100  persons in any age-sex group of the total  U. S. population | 4(a)      | A8BW                         | 49       |
| Per 100 persons in any other population group  | 4(b)      | Numer.: A8BW<br>Denom.: A8AN | 49<br>49 |

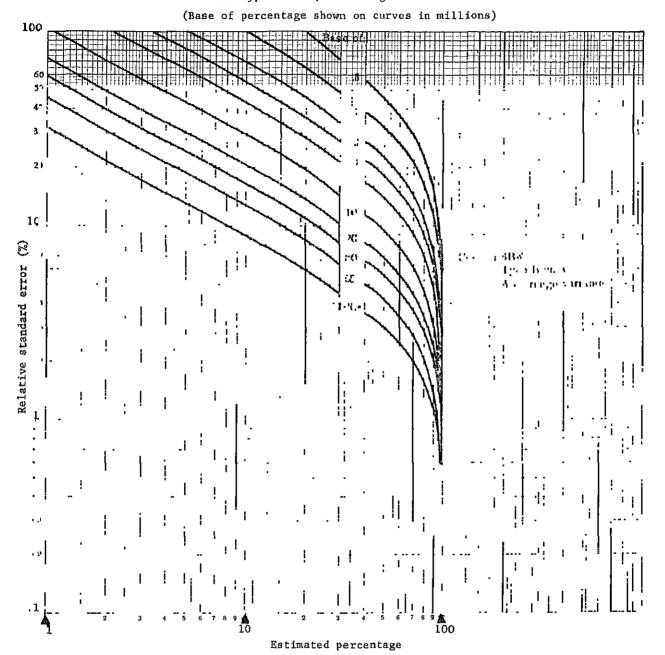


Example of use of chart: An aggregate of 5,000,000 (on scale at bottom of chart) for a Narrow range type A statistic (code: A&AN) has a relative standard error of 1.9 percent, read from scale at left side of chart, or a standard error of 95,000 (1.9 percent of 5,000,000). For a Wide range type B statistic (code: A&BW), an aggregate of 10,000,000 has a relative error of 9.3 percent or a standard error of 930,000 (9.3 percent of 10,000,000).

Relative standard errors for percentages based on eight quarters of data collection for type B data, Narrow and Medium range
(Base of percentage shown on curves in millions)



Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 13.8 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 13.8 percent or 2.8 percentage points.



Example of use of chart: An estimate of 20 percent (on scale at bottom of chart) based on an estimate of 10,000,000 has a relative standard error of 19.2 percent (read from scale at the left side of the chart), the point at which the curve for a base of 10,000,000 intersects the vertical line for 20 percent. The standard error in percentage points is equal to 20 percent X 19.2 percent or 3.8 percentage points.

### APPENDIX II

## DEFINITIONS OF CERTAIN TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

### Terms Relating to Persons Injured

Injury condition,—An injury condition, or simply an injury, is a condition of the type that is classified to the nature of injury code numbers (N800-N999) in the International Classification of Diseases. In addition to fractures, lacerations, contusions, burns, and so forth, which are commonly thought of as injuries, this group of codes include; effects of exposure, such as sunburn; adverse reactions to immunizations and other medical procedures, and poisonings. Unless otherwise specified, the term injury is used to cover all of these.

Since a person may sustain more than one injury in a single accident, e.g., a broken leg and laceration of the scalp, the number of injury conditions may exceed the number of persons injured.

<u>Person injured.</u>—A person injured is one who has sustained one or more injuries in an accident or in some type of nonaccidental violence (see definition of "Injury condition" above). Each time a person is involved in an accident or in nonaccidental violence causing injury that results in medical attention or at least one full day of restricted activity, he is included in the statistics as a separate "person injured," hence, one person may be included more than once.

The number of persons injured is not equivalent to the number of "accidents" for several reasons: (1) the term "accident" as commonly used may not involve injury at all; (2) more than one injured person may be involved in a single accident so that the number of accidents resulting in injury would be less than the number of persons injured in accidents; and (3) the term "accident" ordinarily implies an accidental origin, whereas "persons injured" as used in the National Health Survey includes persons whose injury resulted from certain nonaccidental violence.

The number of persons injured in a specified time interval is always equal to or less than the incidence of injury conditions, since one person may incur more than one injury in a single accident.

# Terms Relating to Motor Vehicle Accidents

Motor-vehicle accident.—Accidents are classified as "motor vehicle" if a motor vehicle was involved in any way. Thus, it is not restricted to moving motor vehicles or to persons riding in motor vehicles. A motor vehicle is any mechanically or electrically powered device, not operated on rails, upon which or by which any person or property may be transported

or drawn upon a land highway. Any object, such as a trailer, coaster, sled, or wagon, being towed by a motor vehicle is considered a part of the motor vehicle. Devices used solely for moving persons or materials within the confines of a building and its premises are not counted as motor vehicles.

Moving motor vehicle.—The accident is classified as "moving motor vehicle" if at least one of the motor vehicles involved in the accident was moving at the time of the accident.

Nonmoving motor vehicle.—The accident is classified as "nonmoving motor vehicle" if the motor vehicle was not moving at the time of the accident.

Occupant of moving motor vehicle,-All persons involved in moving motor vehicle accidents were classiffed as occupants or nonoccupants. A person was considered an occupant, if his body was inside, or if he was getting in or out of a motor vehicle at the time of the accident. Also included as occupants at the time of the accident were persons who; were thrown or fell from the inside of a motor vehicle; had their arms, legs, or head protruding from the motor vehicle; were riding in the "bed" of a truck or on an open motor vehicle such as a motorcycle. In all of the above cases the person might be considered an occupant of a nonmoving motor vehicle which is involved in an accident with a moving motor vehicle. All persons involved in moving motor vehicle accidents who were not occupants were classified as nonoccupants.

### Terms Relating to Disability

Disability day.—The following terms are used to describe the disability resulting from illness or injury; days of restricted activity, days of bed disability, hospital days, and days lost from work. All hospital days are, by definition, days of bed disability; all days of bed disability are, by definition, days of restricted activity. The converse form of these statements is, of course, not true. Days lost from work, a special term which applies to the currently employed populations only, are also days of restricted activity. Hence, "restricted activity" is the most inclusive term used to describe the disability reported in the interview, Certain of the terms used in connection with disability measures are defined more explicitly below.

Restricted-activity day.—A day of restricted activity is one on which a person substantially reduces the amount of activity normal for that day because of a specific illness or injury. The type of reduction varies with the age and occupation of the individual as well as

with the day of the week or season of the year, Restricted activity covers the range from substantial reduction to complete inactivity for the entire day,

Bed-disability day.—A day of bed disability is one on which a person stays in bed for all or most of the day because of a specific illness or injury. All or most of the day is defined as more than half the daylight hours. All hospital days for inpatients are considered to be days of bed disability even if the patient was not actually in bed at the hospital.

Work-loss day.—A day is counted as lost from work if the person would have been going to work at a job or business that day but instead lost the entire work day because of an illness or an injury. If the person's regular work day is less than a whole day and all of this partial work day was lost, it would be counted as a whole work day lost. Work-loss days are determined only for currently employed persons 17 years of age and over.

Classification of injured persons by activity restrictions or medical attendance.—The classification of injured persons by activity restriction or medical attendance is based upon the classification of the injury. (See definitions that follow for: activity-restricting injury, bed-disabling injury, work-loss injury, and medically attended injury.) For example, a person may have received several injuries in a single accident; if one of the injuries involved one or more days of restricted activity, one or more days in bed, or medical attendance, the person injured would correspondingly be classified as: with restricted activity, with bed disability, or medically attended.

Activity-restricting injury.—An activity-restricting injury is an injury which has caused at least one day of restricted activity. (See definition of "Restricted-activity day.") The incidence of activity-restricting injuries is estimated from the number of such injuries reported as having occurred in the two-calendar weeks before the interview week. For this reason, an injury which did not result in restricted activity-until after the end of the two-week period in which it occurred is not classified as an activity-restricting injury.

<u>Bed-disabling injury.</u>—An injury resulting in at least one day of bed disability is called a bed-disabling injury. (See also definition of "Activity-restricting injury.")

Work-loss injury.—An injury resulting in at least one day of work loss is called a work-loss injury. (See also definition of "Activity-restricting injury.")

Medically attended injury.—An injury for which a physician was consulted is called a medically attended injury. Consulting a physician includes consultation in person or by telephone for treatment or advice. Advice from the physician transmitted to the patient through the nurse is counted as medical consultation as well as visits to physicians in clinics or hospitals. If at one visit the physician is consulted about more than one injury for each of several patients, each injury is counted as medically attended.

A parent consulting a physician about a child's injury is counted as medical consultation about that injury even if the child was not seen by the physician at that time.

For the purpose of this definition "physician" includes doctors of medicine and osteopathic physicians. The term "doctor" is used in the interview, rather than "physician," because of the need to keep to popular usage. However, the concept toward which all instructions are directed is that which is described here.

An injury is counted as medically attended if a physician was consulted about it at its onset or at any time thereafter. However, the first medical attention for an injury that was experienced during the two-week period prior to the household interview may not occur until after the date of the interview. Such cases are necessarily treated as though there had been no medical attention.

### Terms Relating to Place of Accident

<u>Place of accident</u>.—Persons injured are classified in this report according to the type of place where the injury occurred,

Home.—The place of accident is considered as "home" if the injury occurred either inside or outside the home but within the property boundaries of the home. "Home" includes not only the person's own home but also any other home (vacant or occupied) in which he might have been when he was injured. "Home" includes any structure that has the primary function of a dwelling unit and includes the structure and premises of such places as apartment houses and house trailers.

Street or highway.—"Street or highway" means the entire area between property lines of which any part is open for the use of the public as a matter of right or custom. It includes the roadway, shoulder, curb, or public sidewalk; excluded are private driveways, lanes, or sidewalks.

Industrial place,—"Industrial place" is the term applied to accidents occurring in an industrial place or premises. Included are such places as factories, railway yards, warehouses, workshops, logging camps, shipping piers, oil fields, shipyards, sand and gravel pits, cameries, and auto repair garages. Construction projects, such as houses, buildings, bridges, and new roads, are included in this category. Buildings undergoing remodeling, with the exception of private homes, are classified as industrial places or premises.

Other.—Accidents which cannot be classified in any of the above groups or for which the place is unknown are classified as "other." Included in the classification are such places as farms, schools, places of recreation, restaurants, churches, business and professional offices, and open or wooded country.

## Terms Relating to Type of Accident

Type of accident.—"Type of accident" was recorded for all accidents involving injury in order to classify injuries according to the circumstances relating to the accident. Accidents have been grouped by type according to the following concepts:

(A) Accidents in which specific factors were involved, but which may or may not have caused

the injury. Included in this group are moving motor vehicle, uncontrolled fire, explosion, firetime, and nonmotor vehicle such as train or lacycle. The definition of moving motor vehicle in this instance is identical to that for moving motor vehicle as a class of accident. However, an accident in which a nonmoving motor vehicle was involved is classified under the detailed type of accident listed below that best describes the circumstances relating to the accident.

- (B) Accidents where injury was caused directly by an agent, such as machinery in operation, a knife, scissors, nail, animal or insect, foreign body in eye or other orifice, or a poisonous substance swallowed by the person involved.
- (C) Accidents described in terms of the events leading to the occurrence of the injury, such as falling, humping into a person or object, being struck by a moving object, handling or stepping on sharp or rough objects, being caught in, pinched, or crushed, coming in contact with hot object or flame, lifting, twisting, or stumbling.
- (D) Accidents resulting in injury that could not be classified in groups (A), (B), or (C) were classified as "other." Accidents of unknown type are also included in this group.

A complete listing of the types of accidents is shown in Appendix III within the format of Table A, In order that no injury would be described as resulting from more than one type of accident, an injury which could have been assigned to two or more types was classified in the first type designated in Table A (in Appendix III) that adequately described the circumstances of the accident.

# Demographic and Economic Terms

Age.—The age recorded for each person is his age at last birthday. Age is recorded in single years and combined into groups suitable for the purpose of the table.

Income of family or of unrelated individuals.— Each member of a family is classified according to the total income of the family of which he is a member. Within the household all persons related to each other hy blood, marriage, or adoption constitute a family. Unrelated individuals are classified according to their own income.

The income recorded is the total of all income received by members of the family (or by an unrelated individual) in the 12-month period ending with the week of interview. Income from all sources is included, e.g., wages, salaries, rents from property, pensions, help from relatives, and so forth.

Usual activity status.—All persons in the population are classified according to their usual activity status during the 12-month period prior to the week of interview. The "usual" activity status, in case more than one is reported, is the one at which the person spent the most time during the 12-month period. Children under 17 years of age are classified as "pre-

school and school age," regardless of what their usual activity status may actually be.

The categories of usual activity status used in this report for persons aged 17 years and over are; usually working, usually keeping house, retired, and other, For several reasons these categories are not comparable with somewhat similarly named categories in official Federal labor force statistics. First, the responses concerning usual activity status are accepted without detailed questioning, since the objective of the question is not to estimate the numbers of persons in labor force categories but to identify caudely certain population groups which may have differing health problems. Second, the figures represent the usual activity status over the period of an entire year, whereas official labor force statistics relate to a much shorter period, usually one week. Third, the minimum age for usually working persons is age 17 in the U.S. National Health Survey and the official labor force categories include all persons age 14 or older, Finally in the definitions of specific categories which tollow, certain marginal groups are classified differently to simplify procedures.

Usually working includes persons 17 years of age or older who are paid employees; selfemployed in their own business, profession, or in farming; or unpaid employees in a family business or farm. Work around the house, or volunteer or unpaid work, such as for a church, etc., is not counted as working.

Usually keeping house includes female persons 17 years of age or older whose major activity is described as "keeping house" and who cannot be classified as "working,"

Retired includes persons 45 years old or over who consider themselves to be retired. In case of doubt, a person 45 years of age or older is counted as retired if he, or she, has either voluntarily or involuntarily stopped working, is not looking for work, and is not described as "keeping house," A retired person may or may not be unable to work.

Other in this report includes males 17 years of age or older not classified as "working," or "retired" and females 17 years of age or older not classified as "working," "keeping house," or "retired." Persons aged 17 years and over who are going to school are included in this group, Marital status.—Marital status is recorded only for persons 17 years of age or older. The marital status categories used in this report are as follows:

Under 17 includes all persons aged 0-16 regardless of their marital status.

Married includes all married persons not separated from their spouse because of marital discord. Persons with common-law marriages are considered as married.

Never married includes persons who were never married and persons whose only marriage was annulled.

Other includes persons who are widowed, divorced, legally separated, and persons separated because of marital discord.

Residence.—Residence is the term used to signify the division of the United States into urban, rural-non-

farm, and rural-turn populations. The definition of urban and rural areas to the same as that used in the 1950 Census.

Diban,—The urban population includes all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more which are incorporated as cities, buroughs, or villages; (b) incorporated towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more except in New Lugland, New York, and Wisconshi where "Towns" are simply minor civil divisions of counties; (c) the densely settled urban fringe including both incorporated and unincorporated areas around cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants; and (d) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside any urban tringe. The remaining population is classified as rural.

Rural farm.—The rural-farm population includes all rural readents living on farms, in deciding whether the members of a homehold live on a farm or ranch, the statement of the homehold respondent is accepted with the following exception. A home occupied by persons who pay cash rent for home and yard only is not counted as a farm or ranch even if the surrounding area is turn land. This special case does not cover: (1) the living quarters of a tenant farmer who rents farm land as well as home and yard; (2) the quarters of a hired hand who receives living quarters on a farm as part of his compensation; or (3) separate living quarters inside a atricture which is

classified as being on a farm. In all of these cases the living quarters are counted as being on a farm.

Rural nonfarm.—The rural-nonfarm population includes all of the remaining rural population.

Region.—For the purpose of classifying the population by geographic area, the States are grouped into four regions. These regions, which correspond to those used by the Bureau of the Census, are as follows:

| Region        | States Included   |
|---------------|---|
| Northeast     | Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont,<br>Massachusetts, Rhode Island,<br>Connecticut, New York,  |
| North Central | New Jersey, Pennsylvania<br>Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois,<br>Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa,<br>Missouri, North Dakota,  |
| South         | South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas<br>Delaware, Maryland, District of<br>Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia,<br>North Carolina, South Carolina,<br>Georgia, Florida, Kentucky, Texas<br>Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, |
| Went          | Arkunsas, Louisiana, Oklahoma<br>Montana, Idaho, Wyoming,<br>Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona,<br>Utah, Nevada, Alaska, Washington,<br>Oregon, California, Hawaii  |

# APPENDIX III

# QUESTIONNAIRE

|                      | The steens bel-<br>ha socal Health S<br>Man one person, o                          | ure.                 | The actua       | question       | anaile is                   | designed for                                  | a hous          | ehold a      | s a unit po                   | id includ              | es additio        | e housei           | hold<br>ces f | survey of the I                        | nore                     |
|----------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--------------------------|
|                      | poses  | percent.             | identificati    | on of the .    | ingizignaj                  | y Public Law<br>will be held<br>ed or release | Strict          | ly confi     | dential, wi                   | ll be use              | d only by         | person s           | 305)<br>enga  | All inform Mid<br>and bar ni baga      | an which                 |
| FERM<br>ta ( 4       | HHS 4  |                      |                 |                | BUREAU O                    | ENT OF COMME                                  |                 | _            |                               |                        |                   |                    |               | 1. Questionnair                        | c                        |
|                      |  |                      |                 | n 2<br>reduite | PUBLIC P                    | TING AGENT P<br>EALTH SERVI                   | OR TH           | R.           |                               |                        |                   |                    |               | d of                                   |                          |
|                      |  |                      | 4               | ATION          | IAL HE                      | ALTH S  | URVI            | EY           |                               |                        |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
| 2. (4)               | Address or testripeion   | d locati             | lf &            |                | ——                          |   | 19              | Iden<br>Code | Jo, Reg                       | 4 Sub                  | 5 Sampl           | e 6 PSU            | , <u>-</u> -  | Questionnaire<br>7 Segment No          | B Seria                  |
|                      |  |                      |                 |                |                             |   | _               | Code         | olfice<br>Code                | samp)i<br>weighi       | 1                 | Nuari              | ber           |  |                          |
|                      | Marling address if not at  |                      |                 |                |                             | ······································        |                 |              | ll                            | <u> </u>               | <u> </u>          | <u></u>            |               | <del></del>                            |                          |
| (e) T                | rpe of   Housing can<br>ling   Orber<br>arrers   Orber                             | (q)                  | vame of Spec    | ıal Dwellı     | ng Place                    | Code  | 9               | Is this      | house on a l                  | farm or ro             | neh?, ,,,         | ,                  | ,             | · [_] >es                              | [ ]No                    |
| 4                    | tak came 10 and 1  |                      |                 | s is check     | ed                          | ***************************************       | مال.            |              | own or ren                    | i this pla             |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
|                      | 'Owa'' or "rent free" in   |                      | a 10, ask       |                |                             |   |                 |              | Yes-q                         |                        | Rent              |                    |               | Rent free                              |                          |
|                      | Coes this place have 10  |                      | ocres?          |                |                             |   | <b>(</b> c      | During       | the post 12                   | months                 | id sales          | (d) D <sub>e</sub> | ring i        | the past 12 month                      | he did sole              |
|                      | rent" in question 10, as<br>Does the place you tent                                |                      |                 |                |                             |   |                 | produc       | s, livestock<br>to from the p | k, and oth             | er fatm<br>Unt to | l pro              | duci          | , livestock, and<br>from the place :   | not toucents             |
|                      | DOSS INT PICTO YOU CANE  | 747V8 1U             | at wore ger     | 111            |                             |   |                 |              | more?<br>]Yes                 |                        | ☐ No              | ì <b>3</b> 2       | 50 os         | more?<br>) Yes                         |                          |
| 12. Ara<br>Vac       | there any other living quest, in this building (apo                                | uariers,<br>riment)  | accupied or     | ,              | Yes                         | □ No  | T               |              |                               |                        | TIONS FO          | h o 12             |               |  | [ No                     |
| IJ Dad<br>ENI        | s enyone else tiving in i<br>IRAHCE se get to his liv                              | his buil             | ding van YO     | UR             | Yex                         | —————————————————————————————————————         |                 |              | (D Question                   | s 12, 13 o<br>addition | ir 11 annie       | defining           |               | t pe (tylen aust es<br>paratus muit se | de termine<br>hether the |
| Ask er               | ell units except aparimen  | r bouse              |                 |                |                             |   | _L_             |              | s the saleph                  |                        | t hata?           | 16 to es           | i'            | ve overlocked an                       |                          |
| ta ia p<br>na fi     | here any other building a<br>veria - either accupied o                             | n this p<br>r vatont | raphrty for p   |                | Yes                         | □ No  |                 |              |                               |                        |                   |                    | i is it       | ie best time to co                     | 1117<br>2117             |
|                      | lien   |                      |                 |                |                             | ORD OF CAL                                    | LS AT           | HOUSE        |                               | - [] No                | hane              |                    |               |  |                          |
|                      | Enter bousehold  | Date                 | <del>{'-</del>  |                | om -                        | -2  | Com             | F            | 3                             | Com                    |                   |                    | Com           | 3                                      | ( on                     |
| allback              |  | Time                 | }               |                |                             |   | 1               | ļ            |                               | 1 1                    | •                 |                    |               | }                                      | . }                      |
| ebon je<br>ngi kidu  | Al Col No  | Dare                 |                 |                | ļ                           |   |                 |              |                               |                        |                   |                    |               | <u> </u>                               |                          |
| YPE                  | ~  |                      | ·               |                | 18. ŘE                      | ASON FOR                                      | HON             | NYER         | VIEW                          |                        |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
| IFE                  | Refusal (Filt item   |                      |                 |                | В                           |   |                 |              | Ċ                             |                        |                   |                    | Z             |  |                          |
|                      | No coe ar home-  | ` }                  |                 |                | e pon - Ida<br>Ozese - Ida  |   |                 | emplish:     | ed<br>. by mistake            |                        | latetyjew a       | ot obtain          | ed (a         | 12                                     |                          |
| et tot               | tepeated calls  Temporarily absent   | ١.                   | Filt item       |                |                             | e elsewhere                                   |                 |              | d in sub-tan                  |                        |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
|                      | Cther (\$parify)   | - }                  |                 |                | d Forces                    | ļ   |                 | ther (Sp.    |                               | - 11                   | cols              |                    | ~             |  |                          |
|                      |  |                      |                 | C. Othe        | I (Specity)                 | J   |                 |              |                               | ) ]                    |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
| Reaso                | a for telusa)  |                      |                 |                |                             |   |                 |              | <del></del>                   | ==1                    |                   | <del></del> ,      |               |  |                          |
| [the] cr             | ill results the Type A n   | nt-three             |                 |                | 20 TY                       | PE A FOLLOY                                   | UP P            | ROCEDI       | URE                           |                        |                   | <del></del> -      |               |  |                          |
|                      | are neltanots (catetare)   | w. etr 1             | tentel want for |                |                             |   |                 |              |                               |                        |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
| to th                | e telenjat abates tuatge   | the ones             | bousehold,      | heir namei     | e and appro                 | samue ages, i                                 | I name          | t of ≖∐ :    | membera noi                   | t known .              |                   |                    |               |  |                          |
| 3 Fine               | out it earons in the boundaries  | sraf nu              | it it gom ig i  | a bospital i   | as a patien                 | d. If so, which                               | Cureor          |              | <b>~</b> 1.                   |                        | acertain i        | eretrone)          | 1175          | Record this info.                      | 4 (Dallion               |
| 4 11 0               | nyone in the household n   | 4 w In II            | * haspital?     | Yes            | •                           | □]No  |                 |              | Jen't know<br>Jen't know      | e by aski              | ng the tolla      | owing que          | e teon        |  |                          |
| (a) I                | ! "Yes," - What (Enter :   | ите)                 |                 |                |                             |   |                 | L_]*         | Den ( Ruda                    |                        |                   | No contas          | ct mae        | de                                     |                          |
| n) ive               |  |                      |                 |                |                             | <del></del>                                   |                 |              |                               |                        | (Col              | No J —             |               |  |                          |
| p) Nyai              | t is the notes of the head<br>ore the names of all oth<br>all persons staying here | of this              | household?      | (Eater nam     | e in first (                | oluma)  |                 |              | Last name                     |                        |                   | ner.               |               |  |                          |
| 1.418                | can in the steachball and  | 1                    |                 | here of tea    | itqeate ele<br>st all betet | ons who usus]<br>casers Lise r                | ly live<br>here | here,        |                               |                        |                   | (L) Lag            | . ពង្កា       | e                                      | (2)                      |
| t) Do 9              | Or (ather) Indoars as see  |                      |                 |                |                             |   |                 | j            |                               |                        |                   | }                  |               |  |                          |
| i) ii th<br>Ièmp     | otatija ju a posbijaji.<br>Sta dukove ejse myo jihe                                | s here v             | who is now      | -              |                             | Yes (Line                                     |                 |              |                               |                        |                   | }                  |               |  |                          |
| r) Away              | on business?   |                      |                 |                |                             | Yes (List                                     |                 | <del></del>  |                               |                        |                   | Į                  |               |  |                          |
| ) On a<br>i) lik iba | visi)?<br>tre onyone sise staying i  |                      | _               |                |                             | Yes (List                                     |                 |              | Fitst name                    | and Instia             | ï •-^••           | ·{<br>1 :::::      | t nam         | and initial                            |                          |
|                      |  |                      |                 |                |                             | Yes (List                                     |                 | _7           |                               |                        |                   | 1                  |               | sultent                                | 1                        |
| 10.0                 | y of the people in this h  | ovsehol              | d have a hon    | # Alzawh-      | re?                         |   |                 |              |                               |                        |                   | ţ                  |               |  | 1                        |
| دانت                 | o ( leave on questionna)   | (e)                  | L. Yes (        | pply house     | tesm blod:                  | octship tules,                                | ıf net -        |              |                               |                        |                   | - (                |               |  | 1                        |
| W 074 ;              | ou related to the head o   | The ho               | usahold? (E:    | ember,dele     | (F)                         |   |                 |              |                               |                        |                   | 1                  |               |  | Ì                        |
|                      |  |                      |                 |                |                             |   |                 |              |                               | _                      |                   | Relat              | 10ns          | ц́р                                    |                          |
|                      |  |                      |                 |                |                             |   |                 |              |                               | _                      |                   |                    |               | _                                      | }                        |

| _   |   | T.              | C 7 Up les                                   | 4               |                | Under        |
|-----|---|-----------------|--|-----------------|----------------|--------------|
| 3   | How old were you on your last birthday?   | 1 tge           | [_] Unler<br>1 year                          | Age             |                | L J J year   |
| 4   | Race (Check one box for each person)  | Thite           | Negro  | - Shite         | ( Other        | Ne gao       |
| 5   | Sex (Check one box for each person)   | ☐ Male          | []]]   ¢male                                 | Male            |                | Female       |
|     | If L7 years ald ar over, ask  | T -             | Under 17 years                               |                 | Under          | 17 years     |
| ŏ   | Are you now morried, wildowed, divorced, separated or never married?  | []] Married     | Divotced                                     | [_] Marrie      | đ              | []] Dyvorces |
|     | (Check one box for each person)   | ₩ alqons        | d [_] Separated                              | Widow           |                | Set nate     |
|     |   | 1               | [T] Never married                            |                 | Meres          | mattied      |
|     | If 17 years old or over, ask  |                 | Under 17 years                               |                 | [] Under       |              |
| 7   | (a) What is the highest grade you attended in school?   |                 | 2345678                                      | Elen            |                | 5678         |
|     | (Circle highest grade attended or check "None")   |                 | 2 3 4 5+                                     | High<br>College | 1 2 3 4        | 4.           |
|     |   | t onese i       | None   |                 | None           | •            |
|     | (b) Old you finish the grade (year)?  |                 |  |                 |                | ······ ··· · |
|     |   | ☐ Yes           | □No  | TYes            |                | No.          |
|     | If Male and 17 years old or over, ask   |                 | Fem caund 17 yes                             | l               | ]Fem ea        | rund 17 yrs  |
| 8   | (a) Did you ever serve in the Armod Forces of the United States?  | Yes             | ☐ No   | Tes             |                | ☐ No         |
|     | If "Yes," ask   |                 |  | 1               |                |              |
|     | (b) Are you now in the Armed Forces, not counting the reserves?  (If "Yes," delete this person from questionname)   | Yes .           | []No   | Yes             |                | []No         |
|     | (c) Was any of your service during a war or was it peace time only?   | ∏ War           | Peace-<br>time only                          | T) War          |                | Peace-       |
|     | If "War," ask   | ·               | ∭ Korean                                     | □ WV II         |                | Korena       |
|     | (d) During which war did you serve?   | <b>'-'' *</b> " | Cipter Cipter                                |                 | Chee           |              |
|     | [I "Peace time" only, ask   | \ <u></u>       |  |                 |                | [] No        |
|     | (a) Was any of your service between June 27, 1950 and January 31, 19557   | Yes             | No   | Yes             |                |              |
| _   | If 17 years old or over, ask  | l <u></u> .     | Under 17 years                               |                 | Under          | 17 years     |
| 9   | (a) What were you doing most of the past 12 months  | - Vorking       |  | ☐ ¥cckln        |                |              |
|     | (For males) working, or doing something alse?   | [ Keeplas       |  | C   Keepir      |                |              |
|     | (For famales); working, keeping house, or doing something alse?   | 5omath          |  |                 |                |              |
|     | # "Something else" checked, and person is 45 years old or over, est.  (b) Are you retired?  | T Yes           | ☐ No   | Yes             |                | □ No         |
| _   | If "Working," in g 9(a), ask  |                 | Under 17 years                               |                 | Under          | 17 years     |
| 'n  | (a) Ware you working last week or the week before?  |                 |  |                 |                | -            |
| ••• | "Keeping house" or "Something else" in q Xa), ask   | ☐ Yes           | ☐ No   | Yes Yes         |                | ☐ No         |
|     | (b) Did you work at a job or business at any time last week or the week before?   |                 |  |                 |                |              |
|     | ff "No," in q 19(a) or 10(b), ask   |                 |  |                 | , <del>,</del> |              |
|     | (c) Even though you did not work last week or the week before, do you have a job or husiness?   | TYes            | ∏ No   | Yes             |                | No           |
|     |   | $\vdash$        | Under 17 years                               |                 | [ Under        | 17 years     |
| но  | TE: Determine which adults are at home and record this information. Beginning with question 11 you are to interview for himself or herself, each adult person who is at home.   | ☐ At boπe       |  | At hor          |                | Not at       |
| 111 | Were you sick or any time LAST WEEK OR THE WEEK BEFORE? (That Is, the 2-week period   | Yes             | □ No   | Yes [           |                | No           |
| · · | which ended last Sunday)?   | ]               |  |                 |                |              |
|     | (a) What was the matter?  |                 |  |                 |                |              |
| 1.  | (b) Anything else?  | Yes             | ( No   | () Yes          |                | □ No         |
| '4  | Lust week or the week before did you take any medicine or treatment for cay candition (basides—which you told me about)?  | [ 1e,           |  | 1               |                |              |
|     | (a) For what conditions?  |                 |  | ļ               |                |              |
|     | (b) Anything else?  |                 | □No  | ☐ Yes           |                | [] No        |
| 13  | Last week or the week before did you have any accidents or injuries? (a) What were they?  | Yes [           |  |                 |                | E1           |
|     | (b) Anything clas?  |                 |  | <b>!</b>        |                |              |
| 14  | Did you ever have on (any other) occident or injury that was still bothering you fast week or the week before?  | ☐ Yes           | ☐ No   | Yes Yes         |                | □ No         |
|     | (a) in what way did it bother you?  |                 |  | ļ               |                |              |
|     | (b) Anything else?  |                 |  |                 |                |              |
| 15  | AT THE PRESENT TIME do you have any aliments or conditions that have losted for a   | ☐ Yes           | □No  | Tes             |                | Mo           |
|     | long time? (If "No") Even though they don't bother you all the time? (a) What are they?   |                 | İ  |                 |                |              |
|     | (b) Anything else?  |                 |  |                 |                |              |
| 1/3 | Has anyone in the family you, your , etc. had any of these conditions DURING  | Yes T           | ∏ No   | ∏ Yes           |                | No           |
|     | THE PAST 12 MONTHS?   |                 |  |                 |                |              |
|     | (Read Card A, condition by condition, record any conditions mentioned in the column for the person.)  |                 |  |                 |                |              |
| 17  | Does anyone in the family have any of these conditions?   | Yes             | □ No   | Yes             |                | N.           |
| ••  | (Read Card B, condition by condition, record any conditions   | _               |  |                 |                |              |
|     | mentioned in the column for the person)   | F= p            | lad for an Kananala                          | [] blasse       | nded for se    | (familian)   |
|     | For persons 17 years old or over, show who responded forton was present during the asking of questions 1.1 (I person responded for soil, show whether contrely or parity. For persons under 17 show who responded for them. |                 | led for self entirely<br>led for self parily |                 | nded for se    |              |
| F   | under 17 show who responded for them.   | Col No          | was respondent                               | Col No          | WAS            | respondent   |
| 18  | (a) Itas onyone in the family been in a hospital DURING THE PAST 12 MONTHS?   | Yes.            | ∏ Nø   | Yes 🗀           |                | □ No         |
|     | If "Yes,"   |                 |  |                 |                |              |
|     | (b) How many different times were you in the hospital everyight or languit  |                 |  |                 | N              | of times     |
| 19  | (a) During the post 12 months has anyone in the family been a patient in a nursing home or  | Yes             | □ Na   | Yes             |                | □ No         |
| - " | ≉anitarlum?   | •               |  |                 |                |              |
|     | (b) How many times were you in a nursing home or sanitatium?  |                 | No of times                                  |                 | No             | oftraes      |
| 20  | If baby under one year listed as a household member, ask  | Hospira)        | ] Home                                       | Hospi           | tel            | Home         |
|     | (e) Was - boby born in a hospital or as home?<br>It "hospital" in a 20(a) and 1 or more in a 18(b), ask   |                 | _ NA □                                       | Yes             |                | No           |
|     | If "hospital" in q 20(a) and 1 or more in q 10(0), and  | Yes             | U"'_   | ٠٠٠ ســـ        |                |              |

|          |                  |      |   |  | Toble I  | ILLNE  | SES, IMPAIRMENTS A   | ND INJURIES  |  |  |  |   |   |
|----------|------------------|------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| Line num | Col No of person | Unes | EVER<br>at any<br>line<br>talk lo<br>a doctor<br>about<br>? | Ask for all illigrances and recession filters of an interest of a lift doctor talked to the other two at a defension of a minute of the other two at a defension of the other two at a defensi | (1) his rolumn is to be asked if every in Col (d.1) is an Impairment or a Symptom or If eating in Col (d.1) is from q. 14 or q.17) | If eye irouble of any kind and of years old or over, ask Con you see well enough to rend ordinory news proper aprint with glasses? | When kind of is it? Ask only for Any entry in Col (d-1) or (d-2) that includes the words Ashmat "condition" Cysts "disease" Growths Turor "trouble" For an allergy or stoke ask How does the offect you? | mattons, mines, success, acceptances, accept | OR T<br>WEEK<br>FORE<br>to cut<br>on you<br>activit<br>as mu<br>day? | HE BE did use you down re sual ties for ch us o  Yes | Ing<br>the<br>Satur<br>days<br>and<br>Sun<br>days? | of those days were you in bed all or most of the day? | II 6 16 years uid ask How many days did keep you from school and the week of the week before? |
| 4        | +                | 15)  | (c)   | (3.1)  | (d 2)  | (d 3)  | (d 4)  | (3.5)  | (e)  | (0)  | <u>(a)</u>   | (h)   | (1)   |
|          |                  |      | ∏ \tes  |  | -  | [] Yes   |  |  |  |  | Days   | Of None   | Dr. None  |

| <u> </u>    | ,                             |                    |   |   |        |   |                | TALIZAT  | ION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS  |         |        |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|--------|---|----------------|--|--|---------|--------|
| Line number | Ccl<br>ha<br>of<br>per<br>sen | Ques<br>tion<br>No | When did<br>you enter<br>the fos<br>pital?<br>(Numb,<br>year) | How many, to make the many of |        | How many Tas this of these still in the hox were last the week or last the week sunday before? Inght? |                | What did they say at the hospital the condition was- did they give it a medical name? (If "they" dun't say, ask) What did "didn't say, ask) What did "didn't say ask ask as a say ask as a say a | Were any operations performed<br>you during this stay of the hos<br>pital?<br>If "Yes,"<br>(a) What was the name of the<br>operation?<br>(b) Any other operations? |         |        |
| 1           |                               | <del> </del>       | Yr  | 7 <sub>e1g</sub> his  | LIII   |   | Nights         | (g)  Yes  No   | (h)  | (i) Yes | [_]No  |
| 2           |                               |                    | Из<br>Yr  | 1,1ghts   | All or | ∏ Yes<br>□ Yo   | Nights<br>None | Yes<br>No  |  | Yes Yes | [_]No  |
| 3           |                               |                    | 112<br>Yr   | Nights  | Mights | ☐ Yes<br>☐ No   | Nights<br>None | □ Yes  |  | Yes     | [ ] No |

| X-RAY QUESTIONS   |                        |       |                      |        |
|---|------------------------|-------|----------------------|--------|
| 21 (a) We are interested in all kinds of X rays. Did you have your teeth X rayed during the post.  3 months (that is, from -through last Sunday)?  If "tee" | [ Yes                  | [] No | [_] Yes              | [_] No |
| (b) How many sures?   | No of times            |       | No of times          |        |
| 23 During the past 3 months did you have a CHEST X ray?   | Yes Chest              | ∐ No  | [ ] Yes Chest        | [_] No |
| 23 (a) Did you have any (other) kind of X toy at all during the past 3 months? If "Yes," (b) What part of the body was X rayed?                             | Yes<br>Part(s) of body | ∏ No  | Yes Past(s) of body: | [_] No |
|   | <u> </u>               |       |                      |        |

|              | -                |             | Tol   | le X FILL C   | NE LINE FOR EA                              | CH PART OF BODY ENTRY F   | ROW DIJECTIONS  | 22.25  |
|--------------|------------------|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| I the number | Col No of person | (hestion No | Patt of body  | How many<br>different<br>times did you<br>have your<br>X rayed dur<br>lng the past<br>3 months? | Where did you have the Y and 13             | What was this X ray(s) for - a<br>check up or an examination or<br>for treatment? | If "both" in col<br>(f) ask<br>How many of<br>these X ray(s)<br>were for treat<br>ment? | If "both" or "treatment" in col (f) ask:  For what condition were you being treated? |
| ı            |                  |             |   |   | ifospital<br>Dr office<br>Other             | Check up/examination Treatment Both   | (6)   | (h)  |
| !            |                  | _           |   |   | Hospital<br>Dr office<br>Oher               | Check up/examination Treatment Both   |   |  |
| 26           | During           | the         | pdst 12 mooks to which  |   | Hospital<br>Dr office<br>Other              | Check up/examination Treatment Both   |   |  |
|              |                  |             | post 12 months in which grise? (Show Card II) Include<br>ty, pensions, help from raid |   | Income of your fami<br>I sources, such as w | y foll, that Is, your's, Group ?<br>ages, salaries, cents                         | vo.   | Gtoup No.  |

| If 17 years<br>old or over<br>and if<br>"Yes", in                                       | (dia  | PAS" | rat notice<br>pen) DURING<br>( 3 MONTHS or   | To<br>Inter-<br>viewer  | Did you first<br>notice<br>DURING THE<br>PAST 12 | Haw long<br>since you<br>lost talked<br>to a doctor       | Do you<br>stid take<br>any<br>medicina                                       | RMENTS  | If I or<br>more days<br>in col<br>(q I) and                                   |   |  | omplesing<br>ceach pr                                    |     | ition   | or "3"<br>or "3"<br>or "3"<br>in col   |
|---|-------|------|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|-----|---|--|
| Haw many<br>days did<br>keep<br>you from<br>work last<br>week as<br>the week<br>before? | Check | one  | Did start during the past 2 weeks or before they time?  (If during past 2 weeks, ask)  Which week, last week ar the week before? | CON<br>TINUE<br>if col<br>(k) is<br>check-<br>ed, or<br>the<br>condi<br>tion is<br>on ( and<br>4 or is<br>an im<br>pau-<br>ment,<br>other-<br>wise,<br>STOP | MONTHS or<br>before that<br>Nme?                 | obaut 7 (If less than one month, enter "Und !" for "No ") | or treatment that the doctor prescribed for 7 Or, follow any advice he gave? | the post<br>12<br>months,<br>hos<br>kept you<br>in bad<br>for all or<br>most of<br>the day? | cal (e) is check et, ask How many of these doys were during loss wack before? | look of this card and read a och stale-ment. Then tell ma which stale ment fits you hast, in terms. | '2" of<br>'3" in<br>cal (f)<br>Is this<br>because<br>of any<br>of ine<br>condi-<br>tions<br>you<br>have<br>bout? | (f) Which? (I'nter Y on line for cach condi- tion named) |     | If 17 years old of over, ask Were you working of a job or business up to that time? | Please look of this cord and read oach state ment Then which trail me ment fils you best for the first total ment fils you best best for the first fils you best for the first fils you best fils fils you best fils fils you best fils you best fils fils fils fils fils fils fils fils |
|   | (k)   | (1)  | (m)  | {an}  | (n)  | (0)   | (p)  | {q_1}   | (q 2)   | (1)   | (1)  | _(i)_  | (u) | (v)   | (Show<br>[Card G)<br>(w)   |
| Days or None  |       |      | l ast week Week before Before 2 wks  |   | During past 12 months Before Burth               | Mos<br>Yrs.   | ☐ Yes<br>☐ No<br>☐ No Dr   | Days  | Days OI None  |   | ()Yes<br>()No  |  | Y16 | Yes<br>  No<br>  Und 17   |  |

|   |   | Tuble II - HOSPITALS   | ZATION DURING PAST 12 MONTHS                                  |
|---|---|--|---|
| For completed hospitalize   | sations ("No" in Col. (g)) o<br>on, a setting of a fracture, or   | f persons 6 years old and<br>a delivery in Cols (h) or(i).                     | What is the name and address of the hospital you were in?     |
| How many nights were you in the haspital, he fare you had your opera sion (delivery, etc.)? | After you left the has<br>pital, haw many day's<br>was it before you<br>returned to your usual<br>activities full time? | If "sull unable" in (k), ask How long hos it been since you left the hospital? | (Enter name, city and State, if city not known, enter county) |
| ω   | (k)   | (n)  | (m)   |
| No of nights  | No of days  | Over 6 months If under 6 months  Days Months                                   |   |
| No of nights,   | No of days  | Over 6 months If under 6 months  Days Months                                   |   |
| No of nights  | No of days  | Over 6 months If under 6 months Days Months                                    |   |

| X-RAY QUESTIONS  |                     |            |                            |             |
|--|---------------------|------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| 24 (a) During the post 3 menths, did anyone in the family have any X rays for the treatment of a condition?  If "Yes," | Yes Pari(s) of body | []No       | (Yes<br>Pars(a) of body:   | No.         |
| (b) What part of the body was treated?  (c) Was this included in the X ray(s) you taid me about before?                | Yes                 | No         | {]Yes                      | <br>(^_) No |
| 25. (a) Did anyone in the family have a fluoroscape during the past 3 months?  If "Yes,"                               | Pair(s) of hody     | i <u> </u> | [ ] Yes<br>Part(s) of body | [_] No      |
| (b) What pure of the body was this for?<br>(c) Was this included in the X-roy(s) you told as about before?             | \ \_\Yes            | [ ] No     | [                          | ี่ เา       |

|           |   | Table X -  | FILL ONE LINE   | FOR EACH PAR  |  | ONS 22-25                                    |
|-----------|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| iter will | Ask for each pers<br>Y says have been rec | on with 2 of mo<br>orded through o   | ore lunes in Table X<br>cols (a) (b) of Table   | X for a person)   | FOOTNOTES  |  |
|           |   |  |   | 107   |  |  |
| Yes       | Enter information be                      | low for X rays   | taken at same time  |   |  |  |
|           | Part(s) of body.                          | No   | Pari(s) of body.  | Na  |  |  |
|           | Part(s) of body.                          | Nρ   | Part(s) of body   | No  |  |  |
|           | Part(s) of body.                          | No   | Pari(e) of body   | Na  |  |  |
|           |   | I Grown No.  | !   | Comp No.  |  |  |
| 110       |   | Gibap No   |   | Group Wa  | Otonb 40   | Group No                                     |
|           | ony of                                    | Iter all X rays have been reconny of these X-rays you to an investigation of X-rays were those?  Yes. Finite information be Part(s) of body.  Part(s) of body.  Part(s) of body. | Ask for each person with 2 or me for sell X says have been recorded through convariant shakes X-rays you taid me obsult to X rays were those?  Yes. Finer information below for X rays Part(s) of body.  Part(s) of body.  No  Part(s) of body.  No | Ask for each person with 2 of more lines in Table X for all Y says have been recorded through cols (a) (b) of Table only, of these X-rays you teld me obest token of the same ilm and the same ilm and the same ilm and the same ilm and the same ilm and the same ilm and the same ilm and an and time and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another and an another an an an an an an an an an an an an an | Ask for each person with 2 of more lines in Table X for all X rays have been recorded through cols (a) (b) of Table X for aperson) ony, of the se X-rays you told me obest token of the same time?  X rays were these?  Yes.— Parter information below for X rays taken at same time  Part(s) of body.  No Part(s) of body.  No Part(s) of body.  No Part(s) of body   Part(s) of body.   No   Part(s) of body   No |

| <del></del>                        | ······································   | Table A (Accidents and Injuries)   |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Line No<br>from                    | 1 When did the acaldem happen?   | 2 At the time of the accident, what part of sh<br>Anything else?               | e body was hurs? What kind of injury was 11?                               |  |
| Table I                            | Year   | Part(s) of body  | Kind of injury(x)  |  |
| <u> </u>                           | (If 1960 or 1961 also enter the month)   |  |  |  |
| Accident                           |  |  |  |  |
| lašť 🔲                             | Nonth  |  |  |  |
| veek before<br>Go to 17 3)         |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | uck, bus at other mater vehicle involved in the a  | cident in ony way? Yes  Yes (more than   | No (Os ta Seullan II)  |  |
|                                    | m one motor vehicle involved?<br>rone) moving at the time?                                     | Yes  | No (Go to Section B)   |  |
|                                    |  |  | 2 Getting in or out  |  |
| . Were you outside                 | the vehicle, getting in or out of it, a passenger  | or were you the driver? I : Dutside (On to Section A. 9.5)                     | I Passenger (Go to Section A q 5)  |  |
| Section                            | n A (Hotor Vehicle Accidents)  | Section B - (Non   | s Motor Vehicle Accidents)   |  |
|                                    | If "Outside" in q 4, ask   | 7 Haw did the assident happen?   |  |  |
| (a) How did the a                  | occident happen?   | A 1 [ Any injury travilated an ancountrille                                    | ed fire or explosion   |  |
|                                    | est between morer vehicle and person riding<br>yels, in siteetear, on failtead train, on house | 2 Any injury involving the discharge   | of a firearm   |  |
| drawn :                            | vehicle  | t Any is jury from an accident involv<br>train, airplane, boat, bicycle, hors- | ing a non-motor vehicle in motion (streetcar, railroad<br>e drawn vehicle) |  |
|                                    | ent between motor vehicle and pesson who<br>alking, running, or standing                       | B 4 Any injury caused by machinery (b  |  |  |
|                                    | (Specify how the accident happened)  |  |  |  |
| .,                                 |  | (Specify kind of mechinary)  |  |  |
|                                    |  | 5 Any injury caused by edge or point<br>pleridg implement                      | e of knufe, seissors, nail or other cutting or                             |  |
| (b) When kind(a)                   | of motor vehicle was involved?   | 6 ( Any injury caused by foreign body  | in eye, windpipe, or other ordices   |  |
| J [ Car                            | 2 Taxi 3 Bus   | 7 [ ] tay lapury coused by animal or ma  | ect  |  |
| 4 [ Truck                          |  | 8 🛄 Any injury caused by poisonous au  | bstance swallowed (Specify autotonce)                                      |  |
|                                    |  | C 9 [ Fell on states or steps or from a hi                                     | eight  |  |
| A                                  |  | 10 🔲 All other fulls   |  |  |
|                                    |  |  | ers all collisions between persons including striking,                     |  |
|                                    | out" "Passenger" or "Draver," in q 4, ask  | punching, kicking, étc )   |  |  |
| (a) How did the a                  | ·  | 12 Struck by moving object (include of falling, flying, or thrown objects)     | bjects held in own hand or band of other person, also                      |  |
| l [] Accide                        | nt between two or more motor vehicles on<br>y  | 13 Handling or scapping on sharp or to   | ough objects such as siones, splinters, broken                             |  |
|                                    | mi between motor vehicle and some other  | glass, tope,etc  |  |  |
|                                    | on roadway   | stationary object  | voen two moving objects of between a moving and a                          |  |
|                                    | (y abject)   | 15 Came in contact with hot object of  | substance or open flame  |  |
|                                    | yehicle came to sudden stop on roadway   | 16 One-time lifting or other one time of                                       | exertion   |  |
|                                    | rehicle tan off southway   | 17, [ ] I wisting, stumbling, etc.   |  |  |
| ) [ Kust t                         | Specify how life accident happened)  | DIB Chet (Specify how accident happen  | ned)   |  |
|                                    | Acc on toadway   |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    | major vehicle were you in (getting in) (getting  |  |  |  |
| autoi) when                        | the accident happened?   | <del></del>  | ····   |  |
| J ☐ Car<br>4 ☐ Truck               | 2 Tari 3 Bus 5 Notorcycle 6. Other (Specify)   |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
| ( ) on                             |  | ASK FOR ALL ACCIDENTS  |  |  |
|                                    | accident happen - ut home or some other place?<br>c (inside house) 2 [] At                     |  | Some other place   |  |
| If "Some other pl                  | see," #sk  | to a respective from   | may a control grant of   |  |
| (b) Whot kind of p<br>3 🔲 Street a |  | nool (includes achool premises)  |  |  |
| 4 🗀 Faim                           | 7 🗀 PI   | tce of recreation and sports, except at school                                 |  |  |
|                                    |  | her (Specify the place where accident happened).                               |  |  |
|                                    | at your job or business when the accident happ   |  |  |  |
| L [] Yes                           | 2 No 3, wh   |  | Under 17 at time of accident   |  |
|                                    |  | FOOTNOTES AND COMMENTS   |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |
|                                    |  |  |  |  |

| NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  For:  Gailen from 6 through 16 years old  L. Not table to go to section at all.  1. Not table to go to section at all.  2. And to go to section at all.  2. And to go to section at all.  2. And to go to section at all.  3. And to go to section at all.  3. And to go to section at all.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.  6. Only find any of these ways.  6. Only find any of these ways.  7. Only limited and any of these ways.  8. Only limited and any of these ways.  9. Only limited and any of these ways.  | Card A  | 0000  |  |                                       |
|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| MATIONAL HEALTH SIRVEY  Check List of Chanic Candrians  L. Admins  L. Admins  D. Takerdanish  D. Desires  D. Takerdanish  D. Desires  D. Takerdanish  D. Desires  D. D |   | }   | במנם וג                                    | רמים כי                               |
| Households of the following Conclusions (Confusion Confusions)  1. Andreas (Control Members)  2. Charter benefits (Control Members)  3. Andreas and other persons recept (Charter man of the region of the control members)  3. Andreas and other persons recept (Charter man of the region of the control members)  4. Andreas and other persons recept (Charter man of the region of the control members)  5. Andreas and the region of the region |   |   |  |                                       |
| Percentains   1.5 Audims   1.5 August Connect  |   |   | NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY                     | NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY                |
| 1. Independence of the control of th |   | For:  | For  |                                       |
| 1. Note the can were a secure to former boundings 3. Character boundings 3. Character boundings 3. Character boundings 3. Character boundings 3. Marie to wax for miles 4. Not illusted in the cap to go be secured in the cap to go be cap to go be secured in the cap to go be cap to go be secured in the cap to go be go be secured in the cap to go be  |   | Noncers and other persons except<br>Housewives and Children | Children from 6 through 16 years old       |                                       |
| 2. Therefore the bonding is manual to the parts had limited in manual to the parts had limited in manual to the parts had limited in the parts had limited in the parts had limited in the parts had been sense.  2. Required strates of sinus unclaime.  3. After an word had been sense.  3. Required strates of sinus unclaime.  3. Districts.  3. Districts.  3. Stands had been sense.  3. Districts.  3. Stands had been sense.  3. Districts.  3. Stands had been sense.  3. Description of the sense had been sense.  4. And Thorat HEALTH SINVEY  Cond b  And Destructs are secons totals with needing.  5. Sense had been sense.  6. Cond p  And Thorat HEALTH SINVEY  Cond p  And Thorat HEALTH SINVEY  Cond p  1. Destructs are secons totals with needing.  2. Sense had been sense had been sense had been sense had been sense had been sense.  3. And the been had on any of these ways.  4. Any speech defect.  4. Any speech defect.  4. Any speech defect.  5. Postuly is not or part.  6. Destruct had on the foot, legs fangers, as not been limited in known of these ways.  7. Paulty is of any tend of blay with other ways.  8. Repeated make any abduming of the foot, legs fangers, as not been limited in my of these ways.  9. When the purple ways.  10. Permitted in my of these ways.  11. Any condition present tands and had been sense that the sense had been sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the sense that the s | l. Asthma   | I. Not able to work at all.                                 | L. Not able to the property of all         |                                       |
| A Repeated stands of signature and the stands of the stand | 2 Tuberculosis  |   |  |                                       |
| Semenate ferce of sinas monte   Marinis or effections   Autorities   Autorities or effections   Autorities    | 3. Campac progesities   |   | ••   |                                       |
| Substantiate force  S. Marcia and Paramate force  S. Sanke  D. Transle with sancoas veins  S. Marcia creates and parameter  S. Cancer  S. Cancer  D. Transle with sancoas veins  MATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Cond 6  D. Delaters or growth  Cond 7  Cond 6  D. Delaters or sancoa would were the nearming places  S. Cancer  S. Sanke and Cond of the sancoas veins werthing places  S. Cancer  Cond 6  D. Delaters or sancoa would were the centre and parameter  MATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Cond 6  D. Delaters or sancoa would were the centre with occurred  S. Sanke to cond of the cond of houseword  Marsang forgers, hand, or art—rece, local, or leg. Ingerts, ann or back  S. Marsang forgers, hand, or art—rece, local, or leg. Ingerts, ann or back  S. Paramytis of sank had  D. Permanent supplements or way definingly of the foot, leg. Ingerts, ann or back  D. Permanent supplement more numb.  D. Permanent supplement more numb.  D. Marsang forgers had or crounted to the cond, leg. Ingerts, ann or back  D. Delaters or sand with recent more numb.  D. Marsang forgers had or crounted to the cond, leg. Ingerts, ann or back  D. Marsang forgers had or crounted to the cond, leg. Ingerts, ann or back  D. Permanent supplement more numb.  D. Marsang forgers had or crounted to the cond, leg. Ingerts, ann or back  D. Permanent supplement supplement more numb.  D. Permanent supplement supplement more numb.  D. Permanent supplement supple | 4. Repeated attacks of sinus mounte   | of were or end of work.                                     | Ligas de sembolis de la school amendande.  |                                       |
| Handening of noe studies  2. Discrete  2. Discrete  2. In Typical impacts or gaines  1. House in any of mose wares.  2. Lead of the studies  3. Cannot said the studies  4. Not if in teet in any of mose wares.  4. Not if in teet in any of mose wares.  3. Cannot said monois  Cond D  Cond D  Cond D  Cond D  Cond D  Cond D  Cond F  Cond F  Cond D  Cond P  Cond | 5. Rheumatic fever 18.  |   |  |                                       |
| High blood pressure 2D. Dianeters 2. Districts 2D. Dianeters 2D. Concert across trouble with neurons or gallands or glass 3D. Dianeters 2D. Concert across trouble with neurons 2D. Dianeters 2D. Dianeters 2D. Concert across trouble with neurons 2D. Dianeters 3D.  Hardening of me arteries 19.  | ತಾರಿಟ್ ರ್ ಂದ್ರೆಕ್ ತನ್ನಾಸ್ಕಾರ                                | activities                                 | ٦;                                    |
| Heart thought  2. Hay all deeper 2. Hay all deeper 3. Epilopsy Hexamicide or piles 1. Cannot series 2. Epilopsy Hexamicide or piles 1. Cannot series 2. All cannot south even neares 2. All cannot series 3. Epilopsy Hexamicide or piles 1. Cannot series 2. All cannot even neares 3. Epilopsy Cannot person south even neares 3. Epilopsy Cannot person series 3. Process control  Any spech defect  Any condition present since burth   High blood pressure   |   |  | d getting anuad free,y                |
| Stanke with variouse veins 22. Any allergy Thought evilt variouse veins 23. Epilopop Thought evilt variouse veins 24. Cannat acrous trouble Thought evilt various priest 24. Cannat acrous trouble Thought evilt various standard or lives trouble Thought evilt various standard or lives trouble Thought evilt various standard or lives trouble Thought evilt various trouble with nearing 12. Processive trouble Any speech defect Any speech defect Any speech defect Any speech defect Any condition present since burth  Any condition present since burth Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  Thought evilt various trouble with the loss, leg, fingers, arm or band Any condition present since burth  | Heart trouble 21.   | 4. Not dented in any of mese ways.                          | 4. Not imited in any of mese wars          |                                       |
| Transle with reacces veins 13. Epilopses 12. Epilopses 12. Epilopses 13. Epilopses 13. Epilopses 14. Cannatr nervous monitor 25. Cannatr nervous monitor pullshadder or liver mubble 27. Hernis or supare 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Cannatr 25. Prostate monitor pullshadder or liver mubble with nearning blasses or genious trouble with nearning blasses 15. Not din to be phouse but limited in amount of other a cardyiness.  Aske to keep house are all limited in amount of these ways.  Aske to keep house are all limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.  Aske to keep house but limited in any of these ways.   | Stroke 22.  |   |  |                                       |
| Hexamineids or giles 12. Canair nervols 13. Canair extrast trouble 23. Postate trouble 24. Canair exist reports 25. Canair exist reports 25. Canair exist reports 26. Canair exist reports 27. Hemis or myster 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 27. Hemis or myster 28. Postate trouble 28. Postate trouble 28. Postate trouble 29. Postate 29. Postate trouble 29. Postate 29. Postate trouble 29. Postate 29. | Trauble with vancose veins 23.  |   |  |                                       |
| Hapf free Table for Cancer    19   19   19   19   19   19   19   1   | Hemorrhoids or piles 24.  |   |  |                                       |
| Tumot, cyst or growth  Chronic gullsladder or liver muble  Sanoach ulcet  Sanoach ulcet  Sanoach ulcet  Sanoach ulcet  Sanoach ulcet  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Check List of Selected Impoiments  To red Delhtess or serious trouble with nearms  Serious crouble with nearms  Serious crouble with accing, ever a hen weating blasses  Check List of Selected Impoiments  1. Not able to keep house or all notined in amount of the part at all in ordinary play speech defect  Any speech defect  Any speech defect  Any speech defect  Missang fingers, hand, or arri-ness, foot, or leg, may be finited in any of these ways.  The finited in any of these ways.  | Hay ferer 25.   |   |  |                                       |
| Chronic gullisladder or lives muchle  Stoanch ulces  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Check List of Selected Impainments  Check List of Selected Impainments  Check List of Selected Impainments  Desibes or serious trobble with nearing plasses  Serious mouble with nearing plasses  Check List of Selected Impainments  The place of the control of Selected Impainments  The place of the control of Selected Impainments  Check List of Selected Impainments  The check List of Selected Impairments  The check List of S | Tumos, cyst or growth   |   |  |                                       |
| Storaach ulcer  MATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Cred D  Deshtess or serious trouble with nearing  Serious trouble with nearing  Serious trouble with nearing blasses  Cleft palate  Any speech defect  Missing fingers, hand, or arranges, inot, or leg  Paralysis of any with off the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Che boot  Che boot  Cred D  Cord F  Not able to Survey  To children under 6 years old  1. Not able to take part at all in ordinary play with other children but intended in amount of these ways.  Able to play with other children but intended in any of these ways.  Che boot  Che boot  Che boot  Che boot  Che boot  Che foot  Che foot  Che foot  Che foot  Che foot  Che foot  Any condition present since buth  Any condition present since buth   | Chronic galibladder or liver mubie 27.  |   |  |                                       |
| NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Check List of Selected Impairments  For: Housewife  1. Not able to keep house at all plus with nearing blasses  2. Asle to keep house at all plus with order caldere.  Any speech defect  Missing fingers, hand, or ann Des, foot, or leg amount of other artivines.  Paulysis of sarv kind  Repeated trouble with back or rpine  Club foot  Permanent suffiness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, am or back  Any condition present since with  | Sromach ulcer 28.   |   |  |                                       |
| HATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  Check List of Selected Impairments  Check List of Selected Impairments  Desificas or serious trouble with nearing  Desificas or serious trouble with nearing  Serious counte with nearing  Desificas or serious trouble with nearing  Serious counte with nearing  L. Not able to keep house at all no reliancy  L. Not able to take part at all no reliancy  L. Not able to take part at all no reliancy  L. Not able to take part at all no reliancy  Desification and of houseware  Any speech defect  Answered from the serious of any with other children but limited in any of these ways.  Able to keep house at all of the serious of these ways.  Able to keep house at limited in any of these ways.  And condition present since birth  Any condition present since birth  Any condition present since birth  | Cord &  | Card D  | Card 7:                                    | Cord H                                |
| Check List of Selected Impoiments  Dealness or serious touble with nearing  Dealness or serious touble with nearing  Serious moust couble with nearing  Any speech defect  Missing fingers, hand, or arrivers, foot, or leg  Missing fingers, hand, or arrivers, foot, or leg  Paralysis of any kind  Repeated touble with back or raine  Club foot  Permanent suffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since nith  Condition present since nith  | NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY  | NATIONAL HEAT TH GLOVEY                                     |  |                                       |
| Deathers or serious trouble with neurons  Deathers or serious trouble with neurons  Deathers or serious trouble with neurons  Serious trouble with sering, even when weating blasses  2. Also to keep house at all anothing.  Cleft palate Any special defect Missing in grand, or arti-oss, foot, or leg manual or arti-oss, foot, or leg manual or arti-oss, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious even when weating blasses or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious trouble with a serious condition present since birth  Cathers or serious condition present since birth  | ,   |   | TABLEM STANES                              | NATIONAL HEALTH SURVEY                |
| Desthess or serious trouble with nearing  L. Not able to take part at all in ordinary.  Serious trouble with secing, even when wearing blasses  2. Aole to keep house at all in ordinary.  2. Aole to keep house but limited in amount  Offt palate  Any speech defect  Missing Engers, hand, or any month of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any Condition present since birth  L. Not limited in any of these ways.  A locable to take part at all in ordinary, play with other children, put at all in ordinary.  Able to keep house but limited in amount of kilden but limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  A local limited in any of these ways.  Any Condition present since birth   | Check List of Selected Impairments  | For: Housewife  | For: Children under 6 years old            | Family income during past 12 months   |
| Serious couple with steing, even when weating blasses  2. Able to keep house but limited in amount  Cleft palate  Any speech defect  Missing fingers, hand, or art, oes, foot, or leg  Paralysis of any kind  Cleft palate  Any condition present since birth  Any condition present since birth  Any condition present serials, even weating blasses  2. Able to keep house but limited in amount of the cot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  2. Able to keep house but limited in amount of blay with other children but limited in any of these ways.  4. Not limited in any of these ways.  Any condition present since birth  | 1. Deafness or senous trouble with nearng                                       | 1. Not able to keen house at all                            | 1. Not able to rate nost ar all in cedimin |                                       |
| Any speech defect Any speech d |   |   | play with other caldren,                   | Group 1. Under \$500 (Including loss) |
| Any speech defect  Missing fingers, hand, or arther or leg  Paralysis of any kind  Paralysis of any kind  Paralysis of any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since butth   |   |   |  | \$500 -                               |
| Missing Engers, hand, or arther or leg amount of other activities.  Pallsy Paralysis of any kind Paralysis of any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Missing Engers, hand, or arther or grand or amount of other activities.  Any condition present since birth  Missing Engers, hand, or arther of other deep house bur limited in any of these ways.  Any condition present since birth  Group 3.  Group 4. Not Limited in any of these ways.  Group 4. Not Limited in any of these ways.  Group 6.  Group 6.  Group 7.  Group 7.  Group 9. \$1  | 4. Any speech defect  |   | Able to play with other children but       |                                       |
| Paralysis of any kind  Paralysis of any kind  Repeated trouble with back or spine  Club foot  Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg. fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since pirth  Group 5.  Group 6.  Group 6.  Group 7.  Group 6.  Group 9. 5:  | 5. Missing fingers, hand, or arm nes, foot, or leg                              |   |  |                                       |
| Paralysis of any kind  Repeated trouble with back or spine  Clab foot  Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg. fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Group 9. \$\frac{6}{1}\$  | 6 Palsy   | amount of other activities.                                 |  |                                       |
| Repeated frouble with back or spide  Club foot  Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg., fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Group 9. \$   |   |   |  |                                       |
| Clash foot  Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg., fingers, arm or back;  Any condition present since birth  Group 9. \$.   | 8. Repeated trouble with back or spine  |   |  |                                       |
| Permanent stiffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back  Any condition present since birth  Group 9. 5   |   |   |  |                                       |
| Asy condition present since buth  Group 3  Group 9. 5  | 10. Permanent staffness or any deformity of the foot, leg, fingers, arm or back |   |  |                                       |
| Group 9. \$10,000 and over   | 11. Any condition present since birth   |   |  |                                       |
|  |   |   |  | Group 9. \$10,000 and over            |
|  |   |   |  |                                       |
|  |   |   |  |                                       |

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